City of Piedmont COUNCIL AGENDA REPORT

DATE: January 17, 2017

TO: Mayor and Council

FROM: Paul Benoit, City Administrator

SUBJECT: FY 2015-16 Audited Financial Statements

RECOMMENDATION

1. Review and accept the City's independent auditor's reports for 2015-16:

- a) Annual Financial Statements and Independent Auditor's Report for the Year Ended June 30, 2016
- b) Measure B Program Financial Statements and Independent Auditor's Report for the Year Ended June 30, 2016
- c) Measure BB Program Financial Statements and Independent Auditor's Report for the Year Ended June 30, 2016
- d) Measure F Program Financial Statements and Independent Auditor's Report for the Year Ended June 30, 2016
- e) Auditor's Letter on Compliance and Internal Control
- f) Letter Communicating with Those Charged with Governance
- 2. Approve by resolution the revised annual Appropriations (Gann) Limit for FY 2016-17.

BACKGROUND

The City's independent auditor, Mann-Urrutia-Nelson CPAs & Associates, LLP (MUN), has completed the audit of the City's financial statements and provided auditor's reports for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. The Finance Department is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP).

The Annual Financial Statements and Independent Auditor's Report for the Year Ended June 30, 2016 contains a number of sections. These include the Independent Auditor's Report, Management's Discussion and Analysis, individual financial statements, Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, and the Required Supplemental Information. The audit partner from MUN will be present at the January 17, 2017 City Council meeting to present the audit and answer any questions.

DISCUSSION

The audit addresses the City's general financial statements and the Measure B, Measure BB funds, and Measure F sales tax special revenues. The audits found no exception to conformance with generally accepted accounting principles and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General.

MUN found the general purpose financial statements present fairly, in all material ways, the City's financial position of the government activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information as of June 30, 2016. The audited financial statements include the statement of net position, statement of activities and changes in net position, balance sheets, statements of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances, and statements of cash flows.

In summary, the City received a clean audit opinion, with no material weaknesses, no significant deficiencies, nor any compliance exceptions. For an overview of the Annual Financial Statements and Independent Auditor's Report, see the Management's Discussion and Analysis beginning on page 3 of the report

Additionally a revised calculation of the appropriations subject to limit for FY 2016-17 is attached for approval. The annual appropriations limit for FY 2016-17 was previously approved by Council on June 20, 2016, however, there was a miscalculation on the previous year FY 2015-16 appropriations limit which affects the starting balance for FY 2016-17. This correction lowers FY 2016-17 annual appropriations limit by \$33,012 and establishes the FY 2016-17 appropriations limit at \$22,338,194 as shown in Attachment G. This action does not affect the City's financial operations as the City's appropriations subject to limit total \$19,519,100 which is \$2,819,094 below the revised limit.

By: Kiran Bawa, Finance Director

Attachments:

- A. Annual Financial Statements and Independent Auditor's Report for the Year Ended June 30, 2016
- B. Measure B Program Financial Statements and Independent Auditor's Report for the Year Ended June 30, 2016
- C. Measure BB Program Financial Statements and Independent Auditor's Report for the Year Ended June 30, 2016
- D. Measure F Program Financial Statements and Independent Auditor's Report for the Year Ended June 30, 2016
- E. Auditor's Letter on Compliance and Internal Control
- F. Letter Communicating with Those Charged with Governance
- G. Revised Calculation of FY 2016-17 Appropriations Limit



Annual Financial Statements And Independent Auditor's Report

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

CITY OF PIEDMONT

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

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CITY OF PIEDMONT

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

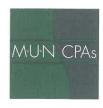
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CITY OF PIEDMONT COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

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MANN • URRUTIA • NELSON CPAS & ASSOCIATES, LLP

GLENDALE • ROSEVILLE • SACRAMENTO • SOUTH LAKE TAHOE • KAUAI, HAWAII

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the City Council of the City of Piedmont Piedmont, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Piedmont as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Piedmont, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison information, pension related schedules, and the schedules of funding progress as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Piedmont's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and budgetary comparison schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the budgetary comparison schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the budgetary comparison schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 3, 2017, on our consideration of the City of Piedmont's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Piedmont's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Sacramento, California January 3, 2017

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CITY OF PIEDMONT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) provides an overview of the City of Piedmont's activities and financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. To obtain a complete picture of the City's financial condition, this narrative overview and analysis should be read in conjunction with the accompanying Basic Financial Statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Government-wide

- Net position is defined as the excess of assets and deferred outflows of resources over liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. As of June 30, 2016, the City's government-wide net position amounted to a positive balance of \$35,987,757. This represents an increase of \$5,612,858 from the June 30, 2015 balance of \$30,374,899 after recording a prior period adjustment of \$5,758,316 related to implementing pension accounting change required by GASB No. 68 and No. 71. GASB 68. The new accounting standards required the City to record net pension liability with CalPERS, offset partially by the net pension asset in the Piedmont Police and Fire Pension Plan.
 - Governmental activities of \$26,335,411 and accounts for 73% of total net position.
 - Business-type activities of \$9,652,346 and accounts for 27% of total net position.
- Deferred Outflows of Resources represent consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period. The \$3,781,820 in Deferred Outflows of Resources includes contribution payments made to CalPERS during fiscal year 2015-16, as well as changes in the net pension liability and asset. As allowed by GASB No. 68, the CalPERS measurement date is June 30, 2015 and contributions subsequent to the measurement date are reflected as a deferred outflow. Deferred Inflows of Resources represent an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period and amounts to \$2,966,607. The Deferred Inflows include deferrals due to assumption changes and investment earnings. Notes 1, 7, and 15 discuss the impacts of these extraordinary changes to net position.
- Net position increased by \$5,612,858 due to the following factors:
 - Net investment in capital assets increased \$1,278,074 to \$36,773,852 due to the following:
 - Governmental activities increased by \$727,367 due to vehicle and equipment purchases for public safety and park facility improvements.
 - Business-type activities increased \$550,707 due to net additions to the sewer infrastructure and repayment of the State of California Water Resources Board Loans for \$504,848 and \$448,880, respectively and offset by depreciation.
 - Unrestricted net position increased by \$10,497,500 to \$(1,853,264) due to the following:
 - The City made a correction to the implementation of GASB No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27*, as a prior-period adjustment. The net position reflects an increase in deferred inflows of resources of \$5,308,604.
 - In 2014, the City issued \$7,305,000 Tax Allocation Bonds with voter approval to refinance the outstanding fund liability to the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) for its Safety and Miscellaneous Plans and will save the City \$1,188,099 over a seven year period.
 - Property tax-related revenues representing 56% of governmental activity revenue and increasing \$274,843 to \$16,669,375.
 - \rightarrow Property tax revenues amounted to \$11,922,775 an increase of \$1,076,718 (10%).
 - → Real property transfer tax revenues amounted to \$3,117,999, a decrease of \$783,253 (20%), as compared to FY 2015.
 - As of June 30, 2016, capital assets, net of depreciation, amount to \$41,562,742 and are reported in the Statement of Net Position.

CITY OF PIEDMONT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Fund level

- Governmental fund balances increased \$2,566,714 to \$14,623,682. Of this amount, the unassigned fund balance was \$4,717,674, an increase of \$103,484 from the prior year.
- Enterprise fund net position increased \$46,464 to \$9,652,346. Of this amount, net investment in capital assets totaled \$9,672,051, an increase of \$550,707 from the prior year.

Fiduciary funds

• The trust funds net position decreased \$127,667 to \$17,048,152. The trust funds represent the police and fire pension plan and OPEB for \$10,853,164 and \$6,194,988, respectively.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include administration, public works, public safety, and recreation. The business-type activities of the City include sewer and aquatics. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 14 - 15 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Piedmont can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

CITY OF PIEDMONT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Governmental funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains seventeen individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, which is considered a major fund. The City also reports the Equipment Replacement and Facilities Maintenance funds as a major funds. Data for these funds are also presented separately. Data from the other fourteen governmental funds are combined and aggregated on the above mentioned statements. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 16 - 19 of the report.

Proprietary funds

The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Piedmont uses an enterprise fund to account for its sewer and aquatic activity. *Internal service funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City of Piedmont's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for activities such as insurance and employee benefits. The Sewer and Aquatic Funds are included within the *business-type activities* and Internal Service Funds have been included within *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide information on the City's business-type activities, the Sewer and Aquatic Enterprise Funds. The City's three internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 20 - 23 of this report.

Fiduciary funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the City of Piedmont's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 24 - 25 of this report.

CITY OF PIEDMONT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 26 - 60 of this report.

Required Supplementary Information

This report presents supplementary information concerning the City of Piedmont's progress in its obligation to provide pension and other postemployment benefits to its employees, and budgetary comparison information for the City's general fund and major special revenue funds.

Other information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required* supplementary information consisting of budgetary comparison schedule for the General Fund. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 61 - 66 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds and internal service funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 70 - 93 of this report.

CITY OF PIEDMONT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the government's financial position. In the case of the City of Piedmont, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$35,987,757 at the close of the most recent year.

GASB No. 68 has a material impact on the City's financial statements, since it sets new standards for measuring and recognizing assets, liabilities, and impact to net position, as well as, expands the note disclosures regarding the City's pension systems. GASB No. 68 requires the City to include pension assets of the Police & Fire Pension Trust and the liabilities of the City's CalPERS pension in the financial statements. The impact is shown in the negative unrestricted net position in the table below.

The largest portion of the City's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, equipment and infrastructure); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City of Piedmont uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Statement of Net Position As of June 30, 2016 and 2015 (in thousands)

	Gove	rnmental Act	tivities	Busin	ess-Type Ac	tivities	Total Government			
ASSETS	2016	2015	Net Change	2016	2015	Net Change	2016	2015	Net Change	
Current and other assets Noncurrent assets Total Assets	\$ 20,088 35,854 55,942	\$ 17,197 35,475 52,672	\$ 2,891 379 3,270	\$ 416 <u>14,461</u> <u>14,877</u>	\$ 1,028	\$ (612) 102 (510)	\$ 20,504 50,315 70,819	\$ 18,225 49,834 68,059	\$ 2,279 481 2,760	
Deferred Outflows of Resources	3,782	1,915	1,867				3,782	1,915	1,867	
LIABILITIES Long-term liabilities Other liabilities Total Liabilities	25,830 4,593 30,423	25,786 4,208 29,994	44 385 429	4,330 894 5,224	4,789 992 5,781	(459) (98) (557)	30,160 5,487 35,647	30,575 5,200 35,775	(415) 287 (128)	
Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,967	9,583	<u>(6,616</u>)				2,967	9,583	(6,616)	
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total Net Position	27,102 1,067 (1,834) \$ 26,335	26,374 1,472 (12,835) \$	728 (405) 11,001 \$_11,324	9,672 - (20) \$	9,121 - 485 \$ <u>9,606</u>	551 - (505) \$ <u>46</u>	36,775 1,067 (1,854) \$ 35,988	35,495 1,472 (12,350) \$ 24,617	1,280 (405) 10,496 \$11,371	

At the end of the fiscal year, the City is able to report a positive net position for Governmental and Business-type Activities and as a whole. The change in net position is mentioned in the financial highlight section above.

Governmental activities. On a full-accrual basis, the City's Statement of Net Position increased primarily due to an increase in investments and capital assets.

Business-type activities. The increase in net position in 2016 is primarily due to reduction in the outstanding long-term debt for sewer rehabilitation as the City continues to address the outstanding principal and interest per the payment schedule.

CITY OF PIEDMONT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Changes in Net Position For the Years Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 (in thousands)

	Gov	ernr	nental Acti	vities	;		Busi	ness	s-Type Acti	ype Activities		
	2016		2015	Ne	t Change		2016		2015		Change	
REVENUES:												
Program revenues												
Charges for services	\$ 4,950	\$	4,674	\$	276	\$	2,830	\$	2,797	\$	33	
Operating grants and												
contributions	1,796		1,257		539		-		-		-	
Capital grants and												
contributions	227		32		195		-		-		-	
General revenues												
Taxes and fees	20,222		19,841		381		-		-		-	
Investment earnings	49		27		22		6		5		1	
Other revenue	1,725		708		1,017		-		-		-	
Transfers	 1,05 <u>6</u>		665		391	_	(1,056)	_	<u>(665</u>)		(391)	
Total Revenues	 30,025		27,204		2,821		1,780	_	2,137		(357)	
EXPENSES:												
Administration	2,566		2,241		325		-		-		-	
Public works	4,740		4,629		111		-		-		-	
Street improvement	272		370		(98)		-		-		-	
Safety: police	5,422		5,308		114		-		-		-	
Safety: fire	5,048		4,552		496		-		-		-	
Recreation	4,093		3,380		713		-		-		-	
NonDepartmental	2,156		2,912		(756)		-		-		-	
Interest	160		188		(28)		-		-		-	
Sewer	-		-		-		1,113		1,226		(113)	
Aquatics	 <u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>	_	621	_	637		<u>(16</u>)	
Total Expenses	 24,457	_	23,580		877	_	1,734	_	1,863		877	
Change in net position	 5,568	_	3,624		1,944	_	46	_	274		(228)	
Net position - beginning	15,011		27,053		(12,042)		9,606		9,333		273	
Restatement	 5,758		(15,668)		21,426	_		_	<u> </u>		<u>-</u>	
Net position - beginning restated	 20,769	_	11,385		9,384	_	9,606	_	9,333		273	
Net position - ending	\$ 26,337	\$	15,009	\$	11,328	\$	9,652	\$	9,607	\$	45	

Governmental Activities. On a full accrual basis, governmental activities increased the City of Piedmont's net position by \$5,566,394 primarily due to improved property taxes and charges for current services in addition to operational savings from departments. The change in net position also includes a \$5,758,316 prior period adjustment related to GASB 68.

Business-type Activities. Business-type activities increased the City of Piedmont's net position primarily due to increased sewer revenues and a decrease in expenditures for sewer rehabilitation.

CITY OF PIEDMONT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds.

The focus of the City's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Piedmont's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Piedmont's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$14,623,682, an increase of \$2,566,714 compared with the prior year. A total of \$4,717,674, approximately 32%, constitutes unassigned General Fund balance.

General Fund

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, fund balance and unassigned fund balance of the General Fund were \$5,000,891 and \$4,717,674, respectively. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both total fund balance and unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. Total fund balance and unassigned fund balance are 23% and 22% of total General Fund expenditures, respectively. During the current fiscal year, the fund balance of the City's general fund increased by \$88.820.

General Fund revenues of \$26,165,278 increased \$1,750,756 from prior year due to improved property tax revenues, use of money and property, and revenue from other agencies. Property tax revenues of \$11,922,775 increased \$1,076,718 due to rising assessed value from home sales and consumer price index. Service charge revenue from other agencies increased \$285,528 from the prior year. Additionally, the City received \$500,000 in settlement proceeds.

Despite the increased assessed valuation of property values, real property transfer tax revenues declined by roughly 20% form the prior year. Due to the volatile nature of the real estate market, this category is budgeted conservatively at \$2.8 million. The table below shows the number of homes sold and the average sales price for the last nine fiscal years:

Fiscal Year	# Sold	Average Sales Price	Real Property Transfer Tax
2007-08	95	\$1,486,625	\$1,973,888
2008-09	99	\$1,376,505	\$1,711,738
2009-10	100	\$1,421,017	\$1,843,651
2010-11	151	\$1,312,972	\$2,628,921
2011-12	148	\$1,341,700	\$2,700,925
2012-13	155	\$1,582,243	\$3,186,001
2013-14	168	\$1,839,248	\$4,001,012
2014-15	154	\$1,971,270	\$3,901,252
2015-16	120	\$1,836,197	\$3,117,999

CITY OF PIEDMONT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

General fund expenditures of \$21,777,199 decreased \$175,845 from the prior year. The major decreases are due to a drop in Worker's Compensation claims payment and Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Fund. Other changes in General Fund department expenditures include:

Administration:

- \$98,000 decrease due to lower legal expenditures resulting from a fixed contract with the City Attorney and fees related to the undergrounding were lower compared to the previous year.
- \$74,000 decrease due to shifting CalPERS employer paid member contributions to the employees.
- Public Works
 - \$32,867 overall decrease due to savings from vacancies offsetting the increase in utilities and tree services.
- Recreation
 - \$226,750 increase due to higher costs for Self-Support Programs.
 - \$97,870 increase due to higher Pre-School part-time salaries.
- Police
 - \$13,344 decrease due to lower overtime costs.
- Fire
- \$244,251 increase due to higher salaries and overtime relating to State/Federal mutual aid or long-term injury.
- \$76,985 increase due to higher benefit costs.
- Non-Departmental and Transfers
 - \$554,875 decrease due to a decline in the workers compensation payout.
 - \$137,476 decrease in OPEB contributions

Equipment Replacement Fund

The Equipment Replacement Fund is used to replace the capital assets of the City. The fund balance of the Equipment Replacement Fund increased \$743,962 to \$3,702,890. The City Council authorized transfers from the General Fund to the Equipment Replacement Fund for \$1,212,698 to fund necessary future capital.

The significant equipment items purchased during the fiscal year was \$450,000 for the radio communication system and equipment of the Police and Fire Departments.

Facilities Maintenance Fund

The Facilities Maintenance Fund is used to maintain other capital assets of the City. The fund balance of the Facilities Maintenance Fund increased \$2,252,051 to \$4,375,940. The City Council authorized transfers from the General Fund to Facilities Maintenance Fund for \$2,770,488 to fund necessary future capital.

The Facilities Maintenance Fund expenditures include \$346,862 for community hall floor and maintenance, \$190,977 for Hampton renovation, and \$99,797 for City Hall entry renovation.

2014 Taxable Pension Obligations Fund

The 2014 Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds Fund is used to account for the debt service payments. The City issued \$7,305,000 Tax Allocation Bonds with voter approval to refinance the side fund liability to the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) for its Safety and Miscellaneous Plans which will save the City \$1,188,099 over a seven-year period. During the fiscal year, the City made a principal payment of \$1,177,000 and the outstanding balance at June 30, 2016 amounts to \$5,000,000.

CITY OF PIEDMONT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Proprietary Funds

The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Three funds comprise the City's proprietary funds: the Sewer Enterprise Fund, Aquatics Enterprise Fund, and the Internal Service Fund.

Sewer Fund

The Sewer Fund is used to account for the sanitary sewer and storm water systems of the City. The net position of the Sewer Fund increased \$82,530 to \$9,189,402. This total increase offsets the net capital improvements of the sewer system which increased \$123,447 to \$14,026,739. The unrestricted net position of the Sewer Fund decreased \$489,797 to \$(48,447) as the funds are used for sewer maintenance.

The City Council approved loans to the Sewer Fund for \$800,000 from the Equipment Replacement Fund & Facilities Maintenance Fund. The funds are to assist in the completion of rehabilitating the sewer system to cover costs related to design documents so that they can be submitted to apply for a State Water Resources Control Board loan to reimburse for design and pay for construction costs.

Aquatics Fund

The Aquatics Fund is used to account for the operations of the Piedmont Community Pool. The net position of the Aquatics Fund decreased \$36,066 to \$462,944. No contributions were required from the General Fund as the operational costs were slightly lower compared to the prior year.

Internal Services Fund

The Internal Services Funds' net position amounted to \$(3,408,173), a deficit increase of \$(151,949) from the prior fiscal year.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The General Fund's original budget of \$21,833,239 increased \$964,250 to the final amended budget of \$22,797,489. Amount the primary budgetary increases were estimated additional costs for part time recreation staff and overtime for both Fire and Police.

The General Fund's actual expenditures of \$21,777,199 was less than the final amended budget of \$22,797,489 primarily due to salary savings from vacancies in administration, public works, recreation, and police departments.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The City of Piedmont's total capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2016 amount to \$41,562,742 (net of accumulated depreciation). Capital assets include land, construction-in-progress, buildings, equipment, and infrastructure. The major portion of infrastructure includes the pavement, sidewalk, curb, and gutter, parks and underground utility systems of the City, as well as the sewer system. The City's capital assets increased \$829,194 from \$40,733,548 to \$41,562,742.

CITY OF PIEDMONT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

CAPITAL ASSETS (NET OF DEPRECIATION) (in thousands)

	Governmental Activities					Business-ty	rpe Α	ctivities	<u>Total</u>					
		2016		2015		2015		2016		2015		2016		2015
Land	\$	5,515	\$	5,515	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,515	\$	5,515		
Construction in progress		894		496		460		213		1,354		709		
Buildings &														
improvements		1,915		1,999		434		456		2,349		2,455		
Vehicles		2,089		1,949		160		198		2,249		2,147		
Property and equipment		1,647		1,478		-		-		1,647		1,478		
Infrastructure		15,042		14,937		13,407		13,492		28,449		28,429		
Total	\$	27,102	\$	26,374	\$	14,461	\$	14,359	\$	41,563	\$_	40,733		

Additional information on the City of Piedmont's capital assets can be found in Note 4 on pages 42 - 43 of this report.

Governmental Activities Long-term Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total long-term outstanding debt of \$9,788,890, a decrease of \$1,625,880 from the prior fiscal year. The City issued Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds (2014 Tax Allocation Bonds) for \$7,305,000 to refinance the City's outstanding side fund liability to the California Public Employees' Retirement System for its Safety and Miscellaneous plans and will save \$1,188,099. The City also has sewer loans outstanding for Phase I, Phase II, Phase III, and Phase IV of the sewer rehabilitation project received from the State of California Water Resources Control Board.

At June 30, 2016, the City's governmental and business-type activities had total long-term debts and obligations as scheduled below.

Type of Indebtedness	Outstanding June 30, 2016	Outstanding June 30, 2015			
Governmental Activities 2014 Tax Allocation Bonds	\$5,000,000	\$ <u>6,177,000</u>			
Business-type Activities Sewer Loan - Phase I Sewer Loan - Phase II Sewer Loan - Phase III Sewer Loan - Phase IV Total Business-type Activities	919,985 1,016,578 1,287,399 1,564,928 4,788,890	1,039,382 1,130,106 1,413,573 1,654,709 5,237,770			
Total Outstanding Debt	\$ <u>9,788,890</u>	\$ <u>11,414,770</u>			

Additional information about the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 5 on pages 43 - 46 of this report.

CITY OF PIEDMONT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

General Fund

Over 60 percent of the City's general revenue sources are property related. One of the critical sources of General Fund revenue is the voter approved parcel tax which represents approximately 7% of the General Fund revenues and provides discretionary funding to maintain essential services. The current tax continues through June 30, 2017. In November 2016, Piedmont voters approved a four year extension and increase of the parcel tax, which will run from July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2021. The additional funds will assist with facilities maintenance and the modernization of information technology systems.

Another critical source of General Fund revenue is the real property transfer tax, which is realized when homes are sold. During this fiscal year, real property transfer tax represents approximately 12% of General Fund revenues as compared to 16% in the last fiscal year. In FY 2015-16, the real property transfer tax revenue in excess of the budgeted amount was transferred to Other PostEmployment Benefits-Retiree Medical, Facilities and Equipment Replacement Funds. Real property transfer tax is an area to be monitored since historically this source will fluctuate as it relates to home sales in Piedmont.

The City's salary and benefit costs represent approximately 69% of the General Fund and the employee agreements from 2013 provided for salary increases, but required employees to continue contribution to pension and medical costs.

Sewer Fund

On August 4, 2014, the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) issuing a negotiated Consent Decree (CD). The CD is intended to provide an expanded period of time (21 years) to allow the City to rehabilitate the sewer systems in order to substantially reduce the amount of infiltration and inflow (I&I) in the EBMUD system. The City restarted Phase V preliminary work and has completed the 100% design documents and has submitted State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB) loan documents since the State provides funding with low interest rates. The SWRCB granted the loan and bidding will occur in the spring of 2017 with construction beginning in summer 2017.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Piedmont's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the Finance Director, 120 Vista Avenue, City of Piedmont, California, 94611.

CITY OF PIEDMONT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

	G	overnmental Activities	Bu	siness-Type Activities		Total
<u>ASSETS</u>	_				_	
Cash and investments (Note 2)	\$	16,576,561	\$	1,148,351	\$	17,724,912
Restricted cash and investments (Note 2)		690,395		-		690,395
Taxes receivable		2 020 020		- 67 F02		2 000 422
Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses		2,020,920		67,503		2,088,423
Internal balances		800,000		(800,000)		-
Capital assets (Note 4):		800,000		(800,000)		-
Land and construction in progress		6.409.279		459,864		6,869,143
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation		20,692,522		14,001,077		34,693,599
Total capital assets	_	27,101,801		14,460,941		41,562,742
Total Capital assets	_	27,101,001	_	14,400,341	_	41,502,742
Net pension asset (Note 8):	_	8,752,680		<u>-</u>	_	8,752,680
Total Assets	_	55,942,357		14,876,795	_	70,819,152
DEFENDED OUTELOWS OF RESOURCES						
<u>DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES</u> 2016 pension contributions (Note 7)		2,072,601				2,072,601
				-		
Changes in the net pension liability (Note 7) Changes in the net pension asset - police & fire (Note 8)		436,076		-		436,076
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	1,273,143				1,273,143
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	3,781,820	_	-	_	3,781,820
<u>LIABILITIES</u>						
Accounts payable		2,002,323		176,776		2,179,099
Accrued wages and benefits		193,540		62,454		255,994
Accrued interest payable		-		49,483		49,483
Deposit payable		372,975				372,975
Unearned revenue		-		146,846		146,846
Compensated absences (Note 5):				,		,
Due within one year		471,891		_		471,891
Due in more than one year		327,199		-		327,199
Claims payable (Note 11):		•				•
Due within one year		331,900		-		331,900
Due in more than one year		731,693		-		731,693
Net OPEB Obligation (Note 9):		•				·
Due in more than one year		4,440,846		-		4,440,846
Long-term liabilities (Note 5):						
Due within one year		1,220,000		458,635		1,678,635
Due in more than one year		3,780,000		4,330,255		8,110,255
Net pension liability (Note 7):						
Due in more than one year	_	16,549,792		-		16,549,792
Total Liabilities	_	30,422,159		5,224,449		35,646,608
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Changes in the net pension liability (Note 7)	_	2,966,607		<u> </u>		2,966,607
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		27,101,801		9,672,051		36,773,852
Restricted for:						
Community development		128,665		-		128,665
Public safety		328,689		-		328,689
Street improvement		609,815		-		609,815
Unrestricted	_	(1,833,559)		(19,70 <u>5</u>)		(1,853,264)
Total Net Position	\$	26,335,411	\$	9,652,346	\$	35,987,757

CITY OF PIEDMONT

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

			Program Revenues	S	Ne	et (Expense) F	ae in	e in Net Position	
						Primary G			
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities	Total Primary Government	
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT									
Governmental activities: Administration Public works Street improvement Public safety: police services Public safety: fire services Recreation Nondepartmental Debt interest Total governmental activities	\$ 2,566,460 4,740,338 271,685 5,422,129 5,048,213 4,093,114 2,155,836 160,013 24,457,788	\$ 124,886 1,145,686 236,594 373,112 3,069,232 - 4,949,510	\$ 23,000 1,312,683 - 114,619 77,161 268,142 - 1,795,605	\$ 226,774 - - - - - 226,774	\$	(2,418,574) (2,055,195) (271,685) (5,070,916) (4,597,940) (755,740) (2,155,836) (160,013) (17,485,899)	\$ - - - - - - - -	\$	(2,418,574) (2,055,195) (271,685) (5,070,916) (4,597,940) (755,740) (2,155,836) (160,013) (17,485,899)
Business-type activities:									
Sewer	1,113,278	2,245,450	-	-		-	1,132,172		1,132,172
Aquatic	620,554	584,488				<u>-</u>	(36,066)	_	(36,066)
Total business-type activities	1,733,832	2,829,938					1,096,106	_	1,096,106
Total primary government	\$ <u>26,191,620</u>	\$ 7,779,448	\$ 1,795,605	\$ 226,774	\$	(17,485,899)	\$1,096,106	\$_	(16,389,793)
	Parcel tax Paramedic tax Motor vehicle lice Investment earni Other revenues Transfers Total general rev Change in net po	ransfer tax se and rental tax ense fee ngs enues and transfers esition , 2015	5		\$	11,922,775 197,333 450,961 1,178,302 3,117,999 557,843 1,628,601 66,865 1,101,511 49,110 1,724,993 1,056,000 23,052,293 5,566,394	\$	\$	11,922,775 197,333 450,961 1,178,302 3,117,999 557,843 1,628,601 66,865 1,101,511 55,468 1,724,993
	Prior period adjustm Net position - July 1				_	5,758,316 20,769,017	9,605,882	_	5,758,316 30,374,899
	Net position - June 3	30, 2016			\$	26,335,411	\$ 9,652,346	\$_	35,987,757

CITY OF PIEDMONT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2016

		General Fund	Equipment Replacement				Other Governmental Funds		G	Total overnmental Funds
<u>ASSETS</u>										
Cash and investments Restricted cash and investments Accounts receivable Due from other funds Advances to other funds	\$ 	3,934,971 690,395 1,598,100 226,774	\$ -	3,512,813 - 4,570 - 600,000 4,117,383	\$ 	4,280,313 3,000 - 200,000 4,483,313	\$	1,467,933 - 410,562 - - - 1,878,495	\$ 	13,196,030 690,395 2,016,232 226,774 800,000
Total Assets	Φ=	0,430,240	Φ=	4,117,303	Φ_	4,403,313	Φ_	1,676,495	Φ_	10,929,431
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES										
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued wages and benefits Deposits payable Due to other funds	\$	893,285 183,089 372,975	\$	414,493 - - -	\$	107,373 - - -	\$	97,309 10,451 - 226,774	\$	1,512,460 193,540 372,975 226,774
Total Liabilities	_	1,449,349		414,493		107,373	_	334,534	_	2,305,749
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned	_	283,217 - 4,717,674	<u>-</u>	600,000 - 3,102,890 -	_	200,000 - 4,175,940 -	_	1,151,504 392,457	_	800,000 1,434,721 7,671,287 4,717,674
Total Fund Balances	_	5,000,891	_	3,702,890	_	4,375,940	_	1,543,961	_	14,623,682
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	6,450,240	\$_	4,117,383	\$	4,483,313	\$_	1,878,495	\$ <u></u>	16,929,431

CITY OF PIEDMONT

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

Total fund balances of governmental funds	\$	14,623,682
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds, net of accumulated depreciation of \$29,979,168.		27,101,801
Net pension asset related to the police and fire pension plan is not a current financial resource and therefore not reported in the funds.		8,752,680
Deferred outflows related to the 2016 pension contributions were made subsequent to the measurement date.		2,072,601
Deferred outflows related to changes in the net pension liability (asset) are not reported in the governmental funds.		1,709,219
Long-term liabilities are not due in the current period and, therefore are not reported in the governmental funds. Long-term liabilities net of premiums and discounts Net pension liability Deferred inflows related to changes in the net pension liability		(5,000,000) (16,549,792) (2,966,607)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge costs of certain activities such as insurance and employee benefits to individual government funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position. Cash and investments		3,380,531
Accounts receivable		4,688
Accounts payable		(489,863)
Compensated absences Net OPEB obligation		(799,090) (4,440,846)
Claims payable	_	(1,063,593)
Net position of governmental activities	\$_	26,335,411

CITY OF PIEDMONT

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	General Fund	Equipment Replacement	Facilities Maintenance	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES					
Property tax	\$ 11,922,775	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,922,775
Sales tax	197,333	-	=	=	197,333
Franchise tax	450,961	-	-	-	450,961
Utility users tax	1,178,302	-	-	-	1,178,302
Real property transfer tax	3,117,999	=	=	=	3,117,999
Business license and rental tax	557,843	-	-	-	557,843
Gas tax		-	-	252,765	252,765
Licenses and permits	585,132	-	-	-	585,132
Intergovernmental	1,639,091		-	693,806	2,332,897
Use of money and property	529,643	17,440	733	2,943	550,759
Current service charges	3,155,373	-	-	969,388	4,124,761
Measure B tax	-	-	-	445,743	445,743
Parcel tax	1,628,601	-	- 0.000	- 000 047	1,628,601
Contribution and donations	4 000 005	-	3,000	389,917	392,917
Other revenues	1,202,225			27,169	1,229,394
Total Revenues	26,165,278	17,440	3,733	2,781,731	28,968,182
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Administration	2,271,093	-	37,535	18,522	2,327,150
Public works	3,895,930	=	4,804	22,400	3,923,134
Public safety:					
Police services	5,513,915	23,290	35,121	-	5,572,326
Fire services	5,326,748	-	14,618	=	5,341,366
Recreation	2,613,677	-	358,034	862,600	3,834,311
Nondepartmental	2,155,836	-	-	-	2,155,836
Street improvement	-	-	-	271,685	271,685
Capital outlay	-	968,176	598,412	1,128,059	2,694,647
Debt service - principal	-	=	=	1,177,000	1,177,000
Debt service - interest				160,013	160,013
Total Expenditures	21,777,199	991,466	1,048,524	3,640,279	27,457,468
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over Expenditures	4,388,079	(974,026)	(1,044,791)	(858,548)	1,510,714
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	1 1 1 5 1 6 5	1 717 000	2 206 040	4 200 240	7 5 40 5 40
Transfers in	1,145,465	1,717,988	3,296,842	1,388,248	7,548,543
Transfers out	(5,444,724)		<u>-</u> _	(1,047,819)	(6,492,543)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(4,299,259)	1,717,988	3,296,842	340,429	1,056,000
Net Change in Fund Balances	88,820	743,962	2,252,051	(518,119)	2,566,714
Fund Balances - July 1, 2015	4,912,071	2,958,928	2,123,889	2,062,080	12,056,968
Fund Balances - June 30, 2016	\$5,000,891	\$ 3,702,890	\$ 4,375,940	\$ <u>1,543,961</u>	\$ 14,623,682

CITY OF PIEDMONT

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Reconciliation of the change in fund balances - total governmental funds to the change in net position of governmental activities:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	2,566,714
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets are capitalized and allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Capital asset purchases Depreciation expense		2,330,897 (1,603,530)
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Debt principal payments		1,177,000
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Pension expense related to deferred outflows and inflows of resources		1,247,262
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as equipment replacement, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the		
internal service funds is reported with the governmental funds.	_	(151,949)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	5,566,394

CITY OF PIEDMONT

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

	Business-Type Activities			Governmental Activities
	Sewer Fund	Aquatic Fund	Total	Internal Service Funds
ASSETS				
Current Assets Cash and investments Accounts receivable, net	\$ 930,869 36,649	\$ 217,482 30,854	\$ 1,148,351 67,503	\$ 3,380,531 4,688
Total Current Assets	967,518	248,336	1,215,854	3,385,219
Non Current Assets Capital assets, nondepreciable Capital assets, net of accumulated	459,864	-	459,864	-
depreciation	13,566,875	434,202	14,001,077	
Total Non-Current Assets	14,026,739	434,202	14,460,941	
Total Assets	\$ <u>14,994,257</u>	\$ 682,538	\$ <u>15,676,795</u>	\$ 3,385,219
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities Accounts payable Interest payable Accrued wages and benefits Advances from other funds Unearned revenue Long-term liabilities - current Compensated absences - current Claims payable - current	\$ 166,482 49,483 - 800,000 - 458,635	\$ 10,294 - 62,454 - 146,846 -	\$ 176,776 49,483 62,454 800,000 146,846 458,635	\$ 489,863 - - - - - 471,891 331,900
Total Current Liabilities	1,474,600	219,594	1,694,194	1,293,654
Non-Current Liabilities Long-term liabilities - net of current Compensated absences - net of current Claims payable - net of current Net OPEB obligation	4,330,255 - - -	- - -	4,330,255 - - -	327,199 731,693 4,440,846
Total Non-Current Liabilities	4,330,255	<u>-</u>	4,330,255	5,499,738
Total Liabilities	5,804,855	219,594	6,024,449	6,793,392
NET POSITION:				
Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	9,237,849 (48,447)	434,202 28,742	9,672,051 (19,705)	(3,408,173)
Total Net Position	9,189,402	462,944	9,652,346	(3,408,173)
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ <u>14,994,257</u>	\$ 682,538	\$ <u>15,676,795</u>	\$ <u>3,385,219</u>

CITY OF PIEDMONT

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Business-Type Activities			Governmental Activities
OPERATING REVENUES	Sewer Fund	Aquatic Fund	Total	Internal Service Funds
Charges for services	\$ <u>2,245,450</u>	\$ 584.488	\$ <u>2,829,938</u>	\$ -
Total Operating Revenue	2,245,450	584,488	2,829,938	
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Contract and professional services Services and supplies Insurance and claims expense OPEB expense Depreciation	664,908 - - - - 381,401	475,752 123,182 - - 21,620	1,140,660 123,182 - 403,021	862,625 769,723
Total Operating Expenses	1,046,309	620,554	1,666,863	1,632,348
Operating Income (Loss)	1,199,141	(36,066)	1,163,075	(1,632,348)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Interest income Interest expense Other income	6,358 (66,969)	- - -	6,358 (66,969)	- - 1,480,399
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	(60,611)	_	(60,611)	1,480,399
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	1,138,530	(36,066)	1,102,464	(151,949)
TRANSFERS				
Transfers out	(1,056,000)		(1,056,000)	
Total Transfers	(1,056,000)		(1,056,000)	
Change in net position	82,530	(36,066)	46,464	(151,949)
Net Position - July 1, 2015	9,106,872	499,010	9,605,882	(3,256,224)
Net Position - June 30, 2016	\$ <u>9,189,402</u>	\$ 462,944	\$ 9,652,346	\$ (3,408,173)

CITY OF PIEDMONT

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Business-Type Activities			Governmental Activities	
	Sewer Fund	Aquatic Fund	Total	Internal Service Funds	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from customers Claims and premium paid Cash paid to suppliers Cash paid to employees Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	\$ 2,326,289 - (599,427) 	\$ 549,364 - (131,800) (451,955) (34,391)	\$ 2,875,653 - (731,227) (451,955) - 1,692,471	\$ - (950,120) - (652,975) (1,603,095)	
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Other income Transfers from other funds Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Non-Capital Financing Activities	(1,056,000) (1,056,000)		(1,056,000) (1,056,000)	1,480,399 	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition of capital assets Principal paid on long-term debt Interest paid on long-term debt Net Cash Used for Capital and Related Financing Activities	(504,848) (448,880) (72,188) (1,025,916)	- - - -	(504,848) (448,880) (72,188) (1,025,916)	- - - -	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest and dividends Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	6,358 6,358	<u>-</u>	6,358 6,358		
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(348,696)	(34,391)	(383,087)	(122,696)	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - July 1, 2015	1,279,565	251,873	1,531,438	3,503,227	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30, 2016	\$ 930,869	\$ <u>217,482</u>	\$ <u>1,148,351</u>	\$ <u>3,380,531</u>	

CITY OF PIEDMONT

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (continued) PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Business-Type Activities			Governmental Activities
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	Sewer Fund	Aquatic Fund	Total	Internal Service Funds
Operating Income (Loss)	1,199,141	(36,066)	1,163,075	(1,632,348)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:	204 404	24 620	402.024	
Depreciation expense Changes in assets and liabilities:	381,401	21,620	403,021	-
Decrease in accounts receivable Decrease in prepaid expenses Decrease in accounts payable Decrease in unearned revenue Decrease in claims payable Increase in accrued wages Increase in net OPEB obligation Decrease in compensated absences Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating	80,839 144,342 (78,861) - - - - -	3,603 - (8,618) (38,727) - 23,797 -	84,442 144,342 (87,479) (38,727) - 23,797	(152,054) - (72,917) - 305,324 (51,100)
Activities	\$ <u>1,726,862</u>	\$ (34,391)	\$ <u>1,692,471</u>	\$ <u>(1,603,095</u>)

CITY OF PIEDMONT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

<u>ASSETS</u>	Agency Funds	Police and Fire Pension Plan Trust Fund	OPEB Trust Fund
Restricted cash (Note 2) Restricted investments (Note 2) Accounts receivable Interest receivable	\$ 509,519 - 1,405 -	\$ - 10,909,515 - 3,945	\$ - 6,194,988 - -
Total Assets	\$ <u>510,924</u>	\$ <u>10,913,460</u>	\$ 6,194,988
<u>LIABILITIES</u>			
Accounts payable and other liabilities Deposits held in trust	\$ - 510,924	\$ 60,296 	\$ -
Total Liabilities	\$ <u>510,924</u>	\$ 60,296	\$
NET POSITION			
Restricted for police and fire pension Restricted for OPEB trust		10,853,164	- 6,194,988
Total Net Position	\$	\$ <u>10,853,164</u>	\$ <u>6,194,988</u>

CITY OF PIEDMONTSTATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Police and Fire Pension Plan Trust Fund		OPEB Trust Fund	
ADDITIONS				
Investment income Net increase/decrease in fair value of investments Interest and dividends Other revenues	\$	(848,718) 375,973	\$ _	(249,449) - 913,875
Total Additions (Deductions)		(472,745)	_	664,426
<u>DEDUCTIONS</u>				
Pension benefits paid Administrative expenses		251,005 68,343	_	<u>-</u>
Total Deductions		319,348	_	-
Change in Fiduciary Net Position		(792,093)		664,426
Fiduciary Net Position - July 1, 2015		11,645,257	_	5,530,562
Fiduciary Net Position - June 30, 2016	\$	10,853,164	\$_	6,194,988

CITY OF PIEDMONT NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Piedmont is a residential community located in the East Bay Hills, approximately ten miles east of San Francisco, California. The City was incorporated as a municipal corporation in 1907; population at June 30, 2016 was approximately 11,230.

The City operates under the Council-Administrator form of government, with five elected Council members served by a full-time City Administrator and staff. At June 30, 2016, the City's staff was comprised of 91 full-time employees who were responsible for the following City-provided services:

Public Safety - The City employs 20 sworn and 9 unsworn police personnel to provide round-the-clock police services from a central station, and 25 fire personnel to provide round-the-clock fire services from a central station.

Streets and Roads - The City contracts the construction and maintenance of its streets, curbs, gutters, and related public property.

Recreation, Public Works, Administration and other services are provided by a total of 38 full-time and 5 part-time employees.

In addition, the City employs approximately 319 seasonal recreational personnel.

The accounting policies of the City of Piedmont conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

A. The Reporting Entity

The accompanying basic financial statements present the financial activities of the City, which has no component units.

B. Basis of Presentation

The City's basic financial statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Government Accounting Standards Board is the acknowledged standard setting body for establishing accounting and financial reporting standards followed by governmental entities in the United States of America. These standards require that the financial statements described below be presented.

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include the activities of the overall City government except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal service activities. The City's net position is reported in three parts net investment in capital assets; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. The City first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational needs of a particular program and (c) fees, grants and contributions that are restricted to financing the acquisition or construction of capital assets. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

CITY OF PIEDMONT NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30. 2016

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fund Financial Statements:

The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds, including fiduciary funds and blended component units. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position, revenues and expenditure/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories with each major fund displayed in a separate column. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- b. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds in a single column, regardless of their fund type.

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

Governmental Funds

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for principal and interest.

<u>Capital Project Funds</u> - Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

Proprietary Funds

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> - Enterprise funds are used to account for business-like activities provided to the general public. These activities are financed primarily by user charges and the measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector.

<u>Internal Service Funds</u> - Internal service funds are used to account for, and finance, services and commodities furnished by a designated department of a governmental unit to other departments of the same governmental unit. The City uses internal service funds to account for insurance and employee benefits activities.

Fiduciary Funds (not included in government-wide statements)

<u>Agency Funds</u> - Agency Funds are clearing type funds for the collection of taxes or deposits held in trust, on behalf of individuals, private organizations and other governments. The funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

<u>Private-Purpose Trust Funds</u> - Private-Purpose Trust Funds are used to report all other trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

CITY OF PIEDMONT NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30. 2016

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Major Funds

The City reported the following major governmental funds in the accompanying financial statements:

<u>General Fund</u> - This is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in a separate fund.

<u>Equipment Replacement</u> - This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources used to replace capital assets used by governmental funds

<u>Facilities Maintenance Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources used to maintain capital assets used by governmental funds.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds in the accompanying financial statements:

Sewer Fund - This fund is used to account for the operations of the sewer and storm drain systems.

Aquatic Fund - This fund is used to account for the operations of the Piedmont Community Pool activities.

The City also reports the following fund types:

<u>Agency Funds</u> - These funds are custodial in nature and do not involve measurement of the results of operations. These funds account for amounts held for eight separate underground utility assessment districts.

<u>Police and Fire Pension Trust Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the pension investment activity including retirement payments to 14 retired City employees and/or surviving spouses.

<u>OPEB Trust Fund</u> - This fund accounts for OPEB trust investment activity for the post-employment retiree healthcare benefits.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and proprietary activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item "b" below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- a. All governmental funds are accounted for using a "current financial resources" measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and deferred outflows of resources, and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, generally are included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. All proprietary funds utilize an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and deferred outflows of resources, and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources (whether current or noncurrent) associated with the operation of these funds are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.

CITY OF PIEDMONT NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30. 2016

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

c. As agency funds report only assets and liabilities, they do not have a measurement focus. However, they use the accrual basis of accounting to recognize receivables and payables. The "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting is used for trust funds.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, both governmental and proprietary activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset is used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available." Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. The City defines available to be within 60 days of year-end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are reported when due. Governmental capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds for governmental long-term liabilities and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Those revenues susceptible to accrual include taxes, intergovernmental revenues, interest and charges for services. Certain indirect costs are included in program expenses reported for individual functions and activities.

Grant revenues are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements are met. Under the terms of grant agreements, the City may fund certain programs with a combination of cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, both restricted and unrestricted net position are available to finance program expenditures. The City's policy is to first apply restricted grant resources to such programs, followed by general revenues if necessary.

All proprietary funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset is used. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary funds's principal operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise and internal service funds are charges for services. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Property Taxes

The County of Alameda levies, bills, and collects property taxes and special assessments for the City as follows:

	Secured	Unsecured	
Valuation Dates	March 1	March 1	
Lien/levy Dates	January 1	January 1	
Due Dates	50% of November 1 and February 1	August 31	
Delinquent as of	December 10 and April 10	August 31	

CITY OF PIEDMONT NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30. 2016

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The term "unsecured" refers to taxes on personal property other than real estate, land, and buildings. These taxes are secured by liens on the property being taxed. Property tax revenue is recognized in accordance with applicable GASB pronouncements; that is, in the fiscal year for which the taxes have been levied providing they become available. Available means due, or past due and receivable within the current period and collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities in the current period. The County remits the entire amount of the tax levy to the City (net of County administrative fees), and handles all delinquencies, retaining any interest and penalties. The County remits a property tax clean-up payment for the current period each September following the close of the fiscal year. The City makes an exception to the 60-day recognition period to recognize this revenue in the current period.

E. Cash and Investments

The City pools the cash of all funds, except for monies deposited with fiscal agents in accordance with related bond indentures and monies held in the police and fire pension trust and OPEB trust. The cash and investments balance in each fund represents that fund's equity share of the City's cash and investment pool. As the City places no restrictions on the deposit or withdrawal of a particular fund's equity in the pool, the pool operates like a demand deposit account for the participating funds.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City considers cash and cash equivalents as short-term highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash and so near their maturity that they present insignificant risk of changes in value because of changes in interest rates. Because the only investment held by the proprietary funds is the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF), which meets the definition of a cash equivalent, the entire pooled balance is reported as cash and investments.

F. Accounts and Interest Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Receivables are recorded in the financial statements net of any allowance for doubtful accounts if applicable, and estimated refunds due. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include sales and use taxes, franchise taxes, grants, fines, interest, and other fees. Federal and state grants are considered receivable and accrue as revenue when reimbursable costs are incurred.

In the fund financial statements, material receivables in governmental funds include revenue accruals such as sales tax, franchise tax, and grants and other similar intergovernmental revenues since they are usually both measurable and available. Nonexchange transactions collectible but not available are recorded as deferred inflows of resources in the fund financial statements in accordance with modified accrual, but are not deferred in the government-wide financial statements in accordance with the accrual basis. Interest and investment earnings are recorded when earned only if paid within 60 days since they would be considered both measurable and available. Long-term loans in governmental funds are treated as expenditures in the year advanced and as revenues in the year repayment is measurable and available. Loans receivable are recorded in the fund statements, but are recorded as deferred inflows of resources to indicate they do not represent current financial resources. Proprietary fund material receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Service charges and interest earnings compose the majority of proprietary fund receivables.

G. Capital Assets

The accounting treatment of property, plant and equipment depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Government-wide Statements

In the government-wide financial statements, capital outlay with a cost of \$5,000 or more are capitalized. All capital assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated capital assets which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset lives are not capitalized.

CITY OF PIEDMONT NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Buildings 60 years Vehicles 4 - 20 years Furniture, fixtures, and equipment 7 - 25 years Pavement system 28 years Sidewalk, curb, and gutters 40 years Traffic signals 25 years 25 years Street lights **Bridges** 75 years Park facilities system 25 - 40 years Sewer and storm drains 50 years

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of debt financed capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the asset constructed, net of interest earned on the invested proceeds over the same period.

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

H. Compensated Absences

A liability is calculated for all the costs of compensated absences based upon benefits earned by employees in the current period for which there is a probability of payment at termination. The salary and related payroll costs are those in effect at June 30, 2016. Compensated absences include vacation pay and compensated time off. The City recognizes the liability for its compensated absences at year-end in the internal service fund.

I. Long-Term Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term liabilities, and other long term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Initial issue bond premiums and discounts, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. The difference between the reacquisition price of refunding bonds and the net carrying amount of refunded debt (deferred amount on refunding) is amortized over the shorter of the lives of the refunding debt or remaining life of the refunded debt. Bond issuance costs, except for insurance, are expensed in the period incurred. Amortization of bond premiums or discounts, insurance costs, and deferred amounts on refunding is included in interest expense.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums, discounts, and issuance costs during the period issued. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received are reported as other financing sources, while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

CITY OF PIEDMONT NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30. 2016

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

J. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Deferred outflows of resources recorded for the City relate to the City's defined benefit pension plan and the police and fire pension plan. See Notes 7 and 8.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Deferred inflows of resources recorded for the City relate to the City's defined benefit pension plan. See Note 7.

K. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plan (the Plan) and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

L. Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions are reflected as either loans, services provided, reimbursements, or transfers. Loans are reported as receivables and payables as appropriate, are subject to elimination upon consolidation and are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances". Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not available financial resources.

Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund, and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide presentation.

M. Equity Classifications

Government-wide Statements

Net position is the excess of all the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources over all its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, regardless of fund. Net position is divided into three categories. These categories apply only to net position, which is determined at the Government-wide level, and are described below:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints place on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

CITY OF PIEDMONT NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30. 2016

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fund Statements

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

- a. Nonspendable Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (1) not in spendable form or (2) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- b. Restricted Amounts that are restricted for specific purposes when constraints placed on the use of resources are either (1) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, or regulations of other governments; or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Committed Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority.
- d. Assigned Amounts that are constrained by the City Council's intent to be used for specific purposes through a resolution, but are neither restricted or committed. The City Council assigns fund balances for specific purposes by resolution adopting the annual budget for the upcoming fiscal year, or by an amending budget resolution during the fiscal year.
- e. Unassigned Amounts representing the residual classification for the general fund or any other fund with a negative fund balance.

Further detail about the City's fund balance classification is described in Note 10.

N. General Budget Policies

The City operates under the general laws of the State of California and annually adopts a budget for its governmental and proprietary funds to be effective July 1 for the ensuing fiscal year. From the effective date of the budget, which is adopted and controlled at the department level, the amounts stated therein as proposed expenditures become appropriations to the various City departments. Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Encumbrances are considered to be expenditures in the year the commitment is entered into. Budget appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless encumbered by specific Council approval.

O. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from these estimates.

P. Reclassifications

Certain accounts in prior-year financial statements have been reclassified for comparative purposes to conform with the presentation in the current-year financial statements.

Q. Implementation of Government Accounting Standards Board Statements

Effective July 1, 2015, the City implemented the following accounting and financial reporting standards:

Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 72

In February 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. This statement addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. This statement provides guidance for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements. See Note 2.

CITY OF PIEDMONT NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30. 2016

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 76

In June 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 76, the Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments. The objective of this Statement is to identify—in the context of the current governmental financial reporting environment—the hierarchy of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). This Statement reduces the GAAP hierarchy to two categories of authoritative GAAP and addresses the use of authoritative and nonauthoritative literature in the event that the accounting treatment for a transaction or other event is not specified within a source of authoritative GAAP. There was no significant impact to the City or their financial statements as a result of the implementation.

Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 79

In December 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants. This Statement establishes criteria for an external investment pool to qualify for making the election to measure all of its investments at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes. This Statement establishes additional note disclosure requirements for qualifying external investment pools that measure all of their investments at amortized costs for financial reporting purposes and for governments that participate in those pools. Application of this statement is effective for the current year except for certain provisions on portfolio quality, custodial credit risk, and shadow pricing. Those provisions are effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2017. There was no significant impact to the City or their financial statements as a result of the implementation.

Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 82

In March 2016, GASB issued Statement No. 82, *Pension Issues - an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No.* 73. The primary objective of this statement is to address issues regarding the (1) presentation of payroll-related measures in required supplementary information, (2) the selection of assumptions and the treatment of deviations from the guidance in an Actuarial Standard of Practice for financial reporting purposes, and (3) the classification of payments made by employers to satisfy employee (plan member) contribution requirements. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2016; however the City has elected to implement the statement in the current year. See Note 7.

R. Future Government Accounting Standards Board Statements

These statements are not effective until fiscal year 2016-17 or later. The City has not determined the effects on the financial statements.

Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75

In June 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits other than Pensions. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB, and replaces Statements No. 45 and 57. This Statement establishes standards for recognizing and measuring liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures related to OPEB. The City has not determined what impact, if any, this pronouncement will have on the financial statements. Application of this statement is effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2018.

Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 77

In August 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures*. This Statement requires disclosure of tax abatement information about (1) a reporting government's own tax abatement agreements and (2) those that are entered into by other governments and that reduce the reporting government's tax revenues. The City has not determined what impact, if any, this pronouncement will have on the financial statements. Application of this statement is effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2017.

Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 80

In January 2016, GASB issued Statement No. 80, *Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units - an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 14.* The objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by clarifying the financial statement presentation requirements for certain component units. The City has not determined what impact, if any, this pronouncement will have on the financial statements. Application of this statement is effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2017.

CITY OF PIEDMONT NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2016 were classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

	-	Cash and vestments		estricted Cash and nvestments		Total
Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$	16,576,561 1,148,351	\$_	690,395 <u>-</u>	\$_	17,266,956 1,148,351
Total government-wide cash and investments		17,724,912	_	690,395	_	18,415,307
Fiduciary activities		<u>-</u>	_	17,614,022	_	17,614,022
Total cash and investments	\$	17,724,912	\$_	18,304,417	\$_	36,029,329

Cash and investments were carried at fair value as of June 30, 2016 and consisted of the following:

Cash on hand	\$	900
Cash in banks	=	2,756,844
Total cash	_	2,757,744
Equity mutual funds		6,194,988
Fixed income mutual funds		5,394,315
Money market funds		692,183
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)		16,167,082
Equity securities	-	4,823,017
Total investments	-	33,271,585
Total cash and investments	\$	36,029,329

Authorized Investments of the City

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the City by the California Government Code. This table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustees that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the City, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy.

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in one Issuer
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptances	180 days	40%	30%
Negotiable Certificates of deposits	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None

The City complies with the provisions of California Government Code (or the City's investment policy, where more restrictive) pertaining to the types of investments held, institutions in which deposits were made and security requirements. The City will continue to monitor compliance with applicable statues pertaining to public deposits and investments.

CITY OF PIEDMONT NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

Investment of debt proceeds held by bond trustees are governed by provisions of the debt agreements of the City, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the Agency's investment policy. The only investments held by the bond trustee are U.S. Treasury money market funds.

Investments Authorized by the Police and Fire Pension Board

Investment of funds in the Police and Fire pension are managed by an investment advisor. The Piedmont Police and Fire Pension Fund investment policy allows the investment advisor to manage the Pension Fund in a manner consistent with the investment objectives as outlined in the April 2006 investment policy, the Prudent Expert Rule, and the provisions of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974.

The investment policy grants the advisor full power and authority to make purchases, sales, exchanges, conversion and trades in connection therewith as the advisor deems appropriate to the provisions of Sections 2.144 and 2.145 of the Piedmont City Code. The assets in the plan are invested in a manner that is consistent with generally accepted standards of fiduciary responsibility, to insure the security of principal, and maximum yield on all pension fund investments through a mix of well diversified, high quality, fixed income and equity securities.

Authorized investments include the following:

	Maximum Percentage of	Minimum Credit
Authorized Investment Type	Portfolio	Rating
Domestic Equities	5% per issuer	N/A
Foreign Equity Investments Traded on U.S. Based Exchanges	20%	N/A
Cash	10%	N/A
S&P Stock Index Futures	None	N/A
Fixed Income Securities	None	B/B overall
		portfolio
Commercial Paper	None	A-2/P-2
Certificates of Deposit	None	None
Bankers Acceptances	None	None
U.S. Treasury Bonds, Notes, and Bills	None	None
Debt Instruments of U.S. Government Agencies	None	None
Repurchase Agreements with U.S. Treasury Securities as Collateral	None	None
Repurchase Agreements with U.S. Treasury Agencies as Collateral	None	None
Corporate Notes	None	B/B
Asset-Backed Securities	None	None
Municipal Debt	None	Baa/BBB
Mortgage-Backed Pass-Through Securities by GSE's and CMBS	None	None
Collateralized Mortgage Obligations	None	None

Other investments are also permissible upon Board approval.

Investments Authorized by the OPEB Trust Fund

Investment of funds in the OPEB (Other Post-employment Benefits) Pension Trust are managed by the same investment advisor for the Police and Fire Pension Trust. The OPEB investment policy allows the investment advisor to manage the OPEB Trust Fund in a manner consistent with the investment objectives as outlined in the May 2013 investment policy.

CITY OF PIEDMONT NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

The investment policy grants the advisor full power and authority to make purchases, sales, exchanges, conversions and trades in connection therewith as the advisor deems appropriate. The advisor is expected to operate within the Prudent Expert Rule, the provision of the Employee Security Act of 1974 (ERISA) and other pertinent state and federal laws, regulations, and rulings that relate to the investment process. The assets of the Trust shall be invested in a manner that is consistent with generally accepted standards of fiduciary responsibility to insure the security of principal and maximum yield on all investments through a mix of well-diversified fixed income and equity securities. The following are the OPEB Trust Fund investment policies and guidelines:

The investment policy specified the long-term asset allocation targets:

Asset Class	Minimum	Target	Maximum
Equity	25%	60%	75%
Fixed Income	25%	40%	75%

The cash holdings should not exceed 10% of the market value in the portfolio. The asset allocation targets are to be pursued on a long-term strategic basis and may be revised when significant changes occur within the economic and/or capital market environment or in the stream of future benefits expected to be paid. Capital market assumption and projections shall be reviewed annually. Benefit payments shall be reviewed quarterly. Benefits liabilities and assumptions shall be reviewed no less frequently than every three years.

The equity portion of the Trust shall be invested in marketable equity securities with certain restrictions placed:

Equity Types	Restrictions				
Equity mutual funds Individual U.S. Stocks	None a. 5% maximum exposure at cost				
	 b. 10% maximum exposure at market value c. 5% maximum of company's outstanding shares 				
Individual non-U.S. Stocks (including American Depository receipts, foreign-listed securities)	25% maximum at cost				

The fixed income portion of the Trust shall be invested in marketable, fixed-income securities with certain restrictions specified below. All fixed income securities held directly must be rated B/B or better by Moody's Investors Services and Standard & Poor's Corporation.

Fixed-Income Types	Restrictions				
U.S. Treasury bonds, notes, and bills	None				
Debt instruments issued U.S. Government or Agencies Repurchase agreements with U.S. Treasury Securities and	None				
Agencies of U.S. Government as collateral	None				
Certificates of deposit and banker's acceptances	None				
Diversified fixed-income mutual funds	None				
Asset-backed securities	None				
Mortgage-backed pass through securities issued by Government Sponsored Enterprises (GSEs) and					
Commercials (CMBS)	None				
Collateralized Mortgage Obligations (CMOs)	Has certain restrictions				
Commercial paper or variable rate notes	a. A-2/P-2 or higher by S&P or Moody's				
• •	b. 10% maximum exposure at market value				
Private placements	5% maximum exposure at cost				
Eurodollar securities and non-dollar denominated instruments	•				
	15% maximum exposure at cost				
Preferred stock	10% maximum exposure at cost				
Debt for equity exchanges	5% maximum exposure at cost				
Mortgage-backed derivative instruments	10% maximum exposure at cost				

CITY OF PIEDMONT NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30. 2016

NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

The following investments are explicitly prohibited by the OPEB Trust Investment Policy:

Asset Class	Prohibited Investment
Equity	a. Futureb. Derivativesc. Short saled. Private placements
Fixed-Income	e. Commoditiesa. Interest-only stripsb. Inverse floating rate notes

Investment Valuation

Investments are measured at fair value on a recurring basis. Recurring fair value measurements are those that Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements require or permit in the statement of net position at the end of each reporting period. Fair value measurements are categorized based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value: Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments' fair value measurements are as follows at June 30, 2016:

	Fair Value Measurements Using							
Investments	Level 1 Inputs		Level 2 Inputs		Level 3 Inputs		Total Fair Value	
Equity mutual funds Fixed income mutual funds Money market funds Equity securities	\$	6,194,988 - - 4,823,017	\$	5,394,315 692,183	\$	- - -	\$	6,194,988 5,394,315 692,183 4,823,017
Total	\$	11,018,005	\$	6,086,498	\$		\$_	17,104,503

Investment in State Investment Pool

The City is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by the California Government Code under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the City's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the City's prorata share of the fair value provided by the LAIF for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which is recorded on an amortized cost basis. The investment balance of \$16,167,082 is not subject to valuation on a recurring basis.

Disclosure Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City's interest rate risk is mitigated is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

CITY OF PIEDMONT NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments (including investments held in trust) to market rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity as of June 30, 2016:

	Remaining Maturity							
	1:	2 months or less		1-5 years		More than 5 years		Fair Value
Police and Fire Pension Trust Fund: Fixed income mutual funds Domestic equities Foreign equities Money market funds	\$	5,394,315 4,701,923 121,094 692,183	\$	- - - -	\$	- - - -	\$	5,394,315 4,701,923 121,094 692,183
Total Police and Fire Pension Trust Fund	_	10,909,515	_	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>	_	10,909,515
OPEB Trust Fund: Equity mutual funds	_	6,194,988	_	<u>-</u>	-	<u>-</u>	_	6,194,988
Total OPEB Trust Fund	_	6,194,988	_	<u>-</u>	-	<u>-</u>	_	6,194,988
City and Agency Funds: Local Agency Investment Fund	_	16,167,082	-	_	<u>-</u>	_	_	16,167,082
Total Investments	\$	33,271,585	\$	_	\$	_	\$_	33,271,585

Investments with Fair Values Highly Sensitive to Interest Rate Fluctuations

The City had no investments (including investments held in trust) that were highly sensitive to interest rate fluctuations as of June 30, 2016.

Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of the fiscal year for each investment type.

			Rating	as of Fiscal Ye	ear End		
Investment Type		Total	S&P	Moody's	N/A		
Police and Fire Pension Trust Fund: Fixed income mutual funds Domestic equities Foreign equities Money market funds	\$	5,394,315 4,701,923 121,094 692,183			Not rated Not rated Not rated Not rated		
OPEB Trust Fund Equity mutual funds		6,194,988			Not rated		
City and Agency Funds Local Agency Investment Fund	_	16,167,082			Not rated		
	\$ <u></u>	33,271,585					

CITY OF PIEDMONT NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30. 2016

NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g. broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the City investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the government unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure City's deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

Allocation of Interest Income Among Funds

Interest income from pooled investments is allocated to those funds which are required by law or administrative action to receive interest. Interest is allocated monthly based on the ending cash balances of the previous month in each fund receiving interest.

NOTE 3: INTERFUND AND INTRA-FUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund Receivables/Payables

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2016 was as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Description		Amount
Governmental Funds General Fund Equipment Replacement Facilities Maintenance	Misc. Grant Funds Sewer Sewer	Overdrawn cash loan Sewer replacement project Sewer replacement project	\$	226,774 600,000 200,000
		Total Interfund Receivables/Payables	\$	1,026,774

CITY OF PIEDMONT NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 3: INTERFUND AND INTRA-FUND TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

Interfund Transfers to/from Other Funds

Transfers between funds during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 were as follows:

Transfer From	Transfer To	Description of Transfer	Amount
Major Governmental Funds General Fund	Equipment Replacement Facilities Maintenance Equipment Replacement Equipment Replacement Facilities Maintenance 2014 Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds	Funding for capital outlay Funding for capital outlay Funding for capital outlay Excess net position contribution Excess net position contribution Pension side-fund bond liability payment	\$ 400,000 1,225,591 123,290 812,698 1,544,897 1,338,248
	Total Major G	overnmental Interfund Transfers	5,444,724
Non-Major Governmental Fund Projects and Services Projects and Services AFPF Schoolmates Fund	General Fund Facilities Maintenance AFPF Equipment Replacement General Fund Facilities Maintenance General Fund	Contribution for concert, movie, harvest festival Capital projects Capital projects Capital projects General fund traffic safety cost recovery Capital projects General Fund subsidy	36,392 301,354 50,000 50,000 50,000 225,000 47,122
Streets Project Measure D Fund	General Fund General Fund	Highway user tax revenue General fund administrative cost recovery	250,000 <u>37,951</u>
Б :	Total Non- Major	Governmental Interfund Transfer	1,047,819
Proprietary Funds Sewer Fund Sewer Fund	General Fund Equipment Replacement	Annual pubic works labor and material cost recovery Capital projects	724,000 332,000
		Total Proprietary Fund Transfers	1,056,000
		Total Interfund Transfers	

Intra-fund Transfers between Funds

Intra-fund transfers are not presented on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position for the governmental funds as they are presented on a net basis. Intrafund transfers during the year ended June 30, 2016 consisted of a transfer between the General Fund and the COPS fund for \$6,823.

CITY OF PIEDMONT NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 4: CAPITAL ASSETS

Governmental Activities:

Governmental Activities:	Balance at	Additions	Potiromonte	Transfers	Balance at
Capital assets not being depreciated Land Construction-in-progress	July 1, 2015 \$ 5,515,004 495,897	\$ - 436,492	Retirements \$ -	\$ - (38,114)	\$ 5,515,004 894,275
Total capital assets not being depreciated	6,010,901	436,492		(38,114)	6,409,279
Capital assets being depreciated Buildings and improvements Vehicles Property and equipment Infrastructure	3,108,437 3,943,524 3,131,517 39,214,080	354,256 472,254 1,067,895	(559,708) - (98,679)	38,114 - - -	3,146,551 3,738,072 3,603,771 40,183,296
Total capital assets being depreciated	49,397,558	<u>1,894,405</u>	(658,387)	38,114	50,671,690
Less accumulated depreciation Buildings and improvements Vehicles Property and equipment Infrastructure	(1,109,001) (1,994,888) (1,653,172) (24,276,964)	(122,954) (214,042) (303,620) (962,914)	559,708 - 98,679	- - - -	(1,231,955) (1,649,222) (1,956,792) (25,141,199)
Total accumulated depreciation	(29,034,025)	(1,603,530)	658,387		(29,979,168)
Total Capital Assets, net	\$ <u>26,374,434</u>	\$ <u>727,367</u>	\$	\$	\$ <u>27,101,801</u>

Depreciation was charged to functions based on their usage of the related assets as follows:

Governmental Activities:

Administration	\$	64,175
Public works		849,213
Public safety - police		229,236
Public safety - fire		195,949
Recreation	_	264,957
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	\$_	1,603,530

CITY OF PIEDMONT NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 4: CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Business-type Activities:

	Balance at July 1, 2015	Additions	Retirements	Transfers	Balance at June 30, 2016
Capital assets not being depreciated Construction-in-progress	\$ 213,037	\$246,827	\$	\$	\$ 459,864
Total capital assets not being depreciated	213,037	246,827			459,864
Capital assets being depreciated Building and improvements Vehicles Infrastructure	540,500 655,428 17,176,107	- - 258,021		<u>:</u>	540,500 655,428 17,434,128
Total capital assets being depreciated	18,372,035	258,021			18,630,056
Less accumulated depreciation Building and improvements Vehicles Infrastructure	(84,678) (457,527) (3,683,753)	(21,620) (37,879) (343,522)	- - -	- - -	(106,298) (495,406) (4,027,275)
Total accumulated depreciation	(4,225,958)	(403,021)			(4,628,979)
Total Capital Assets, net	\$ <u>14,359,114</u>	\$ 101,827	\$	\$	\$ <u>14,460,941</u>

Depreciation was charged to functions based on their usage of the related assets as follows:

Business-type Activities:

Sewer	\$ 381,401
Aquatics	 21,620
Total business-type activities depreciation expense	\$ 403,021

NOTE 5: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Governmental activities long-term debt issued and outstanding at June 30, 2016 was comprised of the following:

_	Type of Indebtedness	Maturity	Interest Rates	Αι	ithorized and Issued		outstanding ne 30, 2016
	2014 Tax allocation bonds	2020	2.79%	\$	7,305,000	\$	5,000,000
	Compensated absences					_	799,090
	Total governmental activities					\$	5,799,090

CITY OF PIEDMONT NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 5: LONG-TERM LIABILITES (CONTINUED)

Business-type activities long-term debt issued and outstanding at June 30, 2016 was comprised of the following:

Type of Indebtedness	Maturity	Interest Rates	Αι	uthorized and Issued		outstanding ne 30, 2016
Sewer Rehab Loan - Phase I Sewer Rehab Loan - Phase II Sewer Rehab Loan - Phase III Sewer Rehab Loan - Phase IV	2022 2023 2025 2031	2.40% 2.50% 2.50% 1.0%	\$	2,266,920 2,211,812 2,512,708 4,171,500	\$	919,985 1,016,578 1,287,399 1,564,928
Total business-type activities		2.8050%		.,,	<u> </u>	4,788,890

The following is a summary of changes in the City's long-term liabilities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016:

	Balance at July 1, 2015	_Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2016	Current Portion
Governmental Activities: Tax allocation bonds	\$ <u>6,177,000</u>	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u>(1,177,000</u>)	\$ 5,000,000	\$ <u>1,220,000</u>
Total bonds and notes payable	6,177,000	_	(1,177,000)	5,000,000	1,220,000
Other liabilities: Compensated absences	850,190	483,752	(534,852)	799,090	471,891
Total Governmental Activities	\$ <u>7,027,190</u>	\$ <u>483,752</u>	\$ <u>(1,711,852</u>)	\$ 5,799,090	\$ <u>1,691,891</u>
	Balance at July 1, 2015	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2016	Current Portion
Business-type Activities					
Sewer Rehab Loan - Phase I	\$ 1,039,382	\$ -	\$ (119,397)	\$ 919,985	\$ 122,263
Sewer Rehab Loan - Phase II	1,130,106	-	(113,528)	1,016,578	116,365
Sewer Rehab Loan - Phase III	1,413,573	-	(126,174)	1,287,399	129,328
Sewer Rehab Loan - Phase IV	<u>1,654,709</u>		(89,781)	<u>1,564,928</u>	90,679
Total Business-type Activities	\$ <u>5,237,770</u>	\$	\$ (448,880)	\$ <u>4,788,890</u>	\$ 458,635

CITY OF PIEDMONT NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30. 2016

NOTE 5: LONG-TERM LIABILITES (CONTINUED)

A description of the long-term liabilities related to governmental activities at June 30, 2016 follows:

A. Governmental Activities

2014 Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds

In May 2014, the City authorized and issued \$7,305,000 of taxable pension obligation bonds to pay off the City's outstanding side fund liability to the California Public Employee's Retirement System (CalPERS) for its safety and miscellaneous plans. The bonds are subject to mandatory principal redemption amounts on March 30, June 30, September 30, and December 30. The bonds accrue interest at a rate of 2.79 percent annually, and mature on March 30, 2020.

Compensated Absences

At June 30, 2016, compensated absences totaled \$799,090, of which \$471,891 was recorded as a current liability and the non-current portion totaled \$327,199. For governmental activities, compensated absences are liquidated by the general fund.

Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities Future Debt Service

Pension Obligation Bonds

For the Year Ending June 30		Principal	 Interest	_	Total
2017 2018 2019 2020	\$	1,220,000 1,296,000 1,374,000 1,110,000	\$ 126,736 91,924 54,949 15,763	\$	1,346,736 1,387,924 1,428,949 1,125,763
Total	\$_	5,000,000	\$ 289,372	\$_	5,289,372

B. Business-type Activities

Sewer Rehabilitation Loan - Phase I

In August 2001, the City entered into a loan agreement with the State of California Water Resources Control Board to provide funding for a sewer rehabilitation project (Phase I). Funds are drawn on the agreement as work is completed up to a maximum amount of \$2,226,920 plus any construction period interest. The loan accrues interest at a rate of 2.4 percent annually. Principal and interest payments are due in 20 annual installments with the first payment due one year after completion of the project. The project was completed in July 2002 and the first principal installment was paid in July 2003. Final payment is due July 2022.

Sewer Rehabilitation Loan - Phase II

In October 2003, the City entered into a loan agreement with the State of California Water Resources Control Board to provide funding for a sewer rehabilitation project (Phase II). Funds are drawn on the agreement as work is completed up to a maximum amount of \$2,211,812 plus any construction period interest. The loan accrues interest at a rate of 2.5 percent annually. Principal and interest payments are due in 20 annual installments with the first payment due one year after completion of the project. The project was completed in December 2003 and the first principal installment was paid in December 2004. Final payment is due December 2023. Net revenues, defined as all sewer enterprise fund revenues less operations and maintenance costs (excluding depreciation and amortization expenses), is pledged for future debt service.

CITY OF PIEDMONT NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 5: LONG-TERM LIABILITES (CONTINUED)

Sewer Rehabilitation Loan - Phase III

In September 2004, the City entered into a loan agreement with the State of California Water Resources Control Board to provide funding for a sewer rehabilitation project (Phase III). Funds are drawn on the agreement as work is completed up to a maximum amount of \$2,512,708 plus any construction period interest. The loan accrues interest at a rate of 2.5 percent annually. Principal and interest payments are due in 20 annual installments with the first payment due one year after completion of the project. The project was completed in May 2005 and the first principal installment was paid in May 2006. Final payment is due May 2025. Net revenues, defined as all sewer enterprise fund revenues less operations and maintenance costs (excluding depreciation and amortization expenses), is pledged for future debt service.

Sewer Rehabilitation Loan - Phase IV

In October 2009, the City entered into a loan agreement with the State of California Water Resources Control Board to provide funding for a sewer rehabilitation project (Phase IV). Funds are drawn on the agreement as work is completed up to a maximum amount of \$4,171,500 plus any construction period interest. The loan accrues interest at a rate of 1.0 percent annually. Annual principal payments are due each September 1, commencing September 1, 2012. Final payment is due September 2031. Net revenues, defined as all sewer enterprise fund revenues less operations and maintenance costs (excluding depreciation and amortization expenses), is pledged for future debt service.

Business-type Activities Long-Term Liabilities Future Debt Service

For the Year Ending June 30		Principal	 Interest		Total
2017	\$	458,635	\$ 95,328	\$	553,963
2018		468,618	85,345		553,963
2019		478,835	75,128		553,963
2020		489,290	64,673		553,963
2021		499,990	53,973		553,963
2022 - 2026		1,777,297	114.417		1,891,714
2027 - 2031		510,947	20,693		531,640
2032 - 2036		105,278	1,052		106,330
	_			_	
Total	\$	4,788,890	\$ 510,609	\$	5,299,499

NOTE 6: ASSESSMENT DEBT WITHOUT CITY COMMITMENT

The following are assessment districts debts in which the City is not liable for the repayment of these debts and is only acting as an agent for the property owners in collecting the assessments, forwarding the collections to the bondholders, and initiating foreclosure proceedings. For this reason, these debts are not reported as long-term liabilities of the City.

In June 2002, the City administered the issuance of special assessment bonds to provide funds for the Dudley/Blair Underground Utility Assessment District. At June 30, 2016, the outstanding principal of the bond issue was \$1,055,000.

In August 2005, the City administered the issuance of special assessment bonds to provide funding for the Wildwood/Crocker Underground Utility Assessment District. At June 30, 2016 the outstanding principal of the bond issue was \$455,000.

In July 2009, the City administered the issuance of special assessment bonds to provide funding for the Piedmont Hills Underground Assessment District. At June 30, 2016 the outstanding principal of the bond issue was \$2,885,000.

CITY OF PIEDMONT NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30. 2016

NOTE 7: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

A. General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description

All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the Public Agency Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Plan) administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS.) The Plan consists of individual rate plans (benefit tiers) within a safety risk pool (police and fire) and a miscellaneous risk pool (all other.) Plan assets may be used to pay benefits for any employer rate plan of the safety and miscellaneous pools. Accordingly, rate plans within the safety or miscellaneous pools are not separate plans under GASB Statement No. 68. Individual employers may sponsor more than one rate plan in the miscellaneous or safety risk pools. The City sponsors six rate plans (three miscellaneous and three safety). Benefit provisions under the Plan are established by State statute and City resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 (age 62 for Miscellaneous Plan members if membership date is on or after January 1, 2013) with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 5 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Special Death Benefit (Safety only), the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The rate plan provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2016 are summarized as follows:

	Miscellaneous					
Hire Date	Tier I Prior to January 1, 2013	Tier II Prior to January 1, 2013	Tier III (PEPRA) On or After January 1, 2013			
Benefit Formula	3.0% @ 60	2.0% @ 60	2.0% @ 62			
Benefit Vesting Schedule	5 years service	5 years service	5 years service			
Benefit Payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	monthly for life			
Retirement Age	50 and up	60 and up	62 and up			
Monthly Benefits, as a % of						
Eligible Compensation	2.0% to 3.0%	2.0%	2.0%			
Required Employee Contribution						
Rates	8.000%	7.000%	6.250%			
Required Employer Contribution						
Rates	12.000%	6.709%	6.000%			

CITY OF PIEDMONT NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30. 2016

NOTE 7: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

	Safety					
Hire Date	Tier I Prior to January 1, 2013	Tier II Prior to January 1, 2013	Tier III (PEPRA) On or After January 1, 2013			
Benefit Formula Benefit Vesting Schedule	3.0% @ 50 5 years service	2.0% @ 50 5 years service	2.7% @ 57 5 years service			
Benefit Payments Retirement Age	monthly for life 50 and up	monthly for life 50 and up	monthly for life 57 and up			
Monthly Benefits, as a % of Eligible Compensation	3.0%	2.0%	2.70%			
Required Employee Contribution Rates	9.000%	9.000%	12.250%			
Required Employer Contribution Rates	20.000%	15.373%	11.923%			

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for the Plan are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. The City's contributions to the Plan for the measurement period ending June 30, 2015 were \$1,934,849.

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2016, the City reported a net pension liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the Plan of \$16,549,792.

The City's net pension liability for the Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability for the Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014 rolled forward to June 30, 2015 using standard update procedures. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan as of June 30, 2014 and 2015 was as follows:

Proportion - June 30, 2014	0.24773%
Proportion - June 30, 2015	0.24111%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	(0.00662%)

CITY OF PIEDMONT NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 7: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,009,878. At June 30, 2016, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
2015-16 Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$	2,072,601	\$	-
Difference between actual contributions made by employer and the employer's proportionate share of the risk pool's total contribution		436,076		(480,780)
Differences between actual and expected experience Changes in assumptions Adjustment due to differences in proportions		- - -		(141,353) (1,171,455) (581,246)
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	_	<u>-</u>	_	(591,773)
Total	\$	2,508,677	\$_	(2,966,607)

\$2,072,601 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Measurement Period Ended June 30,	_	
2016	\$	(1,093,533)
2017	\$	(1,116,636)
2018	\$	(1,055,714)
2019	\$	735.352

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuations was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date June 30, 2014 Measurement Date June 30, 2015 **Actuarial Cost Method** Entry-Age Normal Cost Method

Actuarial Assumptions:

Discount Rate 7.65% Inflation 2.75%

Salary Increases Varies by Entry Age and Service

Investment Rate of Return 7.65% net of pension plan investment expenses; includes

inflation

Derived using CalPERS membership data for all funds Mortality (1) Post Retirement Benefit Increase Contract COLA up to 2.75% until purchasing power

protection allowance floor on purchasing power applies,

2.75% thereafter

(1) The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB. For more details on this table, please refer to the 201 Experience Study Report.

CITY OF PIEDMONT NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30. 2016

NOTE 7: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the fiscal years 1997 to 2011, including updates to salary increase, mortality and retirement rates. The Experience Study report can be obtained at CalPERS' website under Forms and Publications.

Changes in Assumptions

GASB 68, paragraph 68 states that the long long-term expected rate of return should be determined net of pension plan investment expense but without reduction for pension plan administrative expense. The discount rate of 7.50 percent used for the June 30, 2014 measurement date was net of administrative expenses. The discount rate of 7.65 percent used for the June 30, 2015 measurement date is without reduction of pension plan administrative expense.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.65 percent. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for the Plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing of the Plans, the tests revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore, the current 7.65 percent discount rate is appropriate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not necessary. The long term expected discount rate of 7.65 percent will be applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERF). The stress test results are presented in a detailed report called "GASB Crossover Testing Report" that can be obtained from the CalPERS website under the GASB 68 section.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, staff took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund (Public Employees' Retirement Fund) cash flows. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. The target allocation shown was adopted by the Board effective July 1, 2014.

Asset Class	New Strategic Allocation	Real Return Years 1-10 (a)	Real Return Years 11+ (b)
Global Equity	51.0%	5.25%	5.71%
Global Fixed Income	19.0%	0.99%	2.43%
Inflation Sensitive	6.0%	0.45%	3.36%
Private Equity	10.0%	6.83%	6.95%
Real Estate	10.0%	4.50%	5.13%
Infrastructure and Forestland	2.0%	4.50%	5.09%
Liquidity	2.0%	(0.55%)	(1.05%)

- (a) An expected inflation of 2.5% used for this period
- (b) An expected inflation of 3.0% used for this period

CITY OF PIEDMONT NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 7: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan, calculated using the discount rate for the Plan, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Discount Rate -1 (6.65%)		Current Discount Rate (7.65%)			Discount Rate +1% (8.65%)		
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	29,161,798	\$	16,549,792	\$	6,185,407		

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

NOTE 8: PIEDMONT POLICE AND FIRE PENSION PLAN (CLOSED PLAN)

A. General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description

The Piedmont Police and Fire Pension Plan (the Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan for the City's police and fire employees hired before July 1, 1971. The Plan is closed to new participants. Section 26.1 of the City Ordinance grants authority to establish and manage benefit terms to the Police and Fire Pension Board (the Board). The Board comprises of the mayor, one member of the City Council, one member of the police department, one member of the fire department, and one community representative.

As of June 30, 2016, the Plan covers 14 retired City employees or surviving spouses, who receive monthly benefits, which will continue for life.

Funding Policy

Contributions are determined by an actuarial valuation. Currently, assets exceed the total pension liability, so the contribution rate is 0%.

Benefit Terms

Benefits for service retirement - Benefit is 50% of final average salary (FAS) (average over the 12 months before retirement, 36 months if advanced in rank during the last 3 years before retirement) plus 3 1/3% x FAS for each year of service greater than 25 but less than 30 years. The maximum benefit is 66 2/3% of pay. Benefits are payable for participant's lifetime with 50% of the benefit payable to eligible spouse upon the death of the participant.

Benefits for duty related disability - Benefit is 50% of FAS plus 3 1/3% x FAS for each year of service greater than 25 but less than 30 years. The maximum benefit is 66 2/3% of pay. Benefits are payable for participant's lifetime with 50% of the benefit payable to eligible spouse or minor children upon the death of the participant.

A 2% cost-of-living adjustment is payable to certain retirees.

B. Net Pension Liability (Asset)

The City's net pension liability (asset) is measured as the total pension liability, less the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability (asset) of the Plan is based on a valuation as of June 30, 2016. A summary of principal assumptions and methods used to determine the net pension liability (asset) is show below.

CITY OF PIEDMONT NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 8: PIEDMONT POLICE AND FIRE PENSION PLAN (CLOSED PLAN) (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Measurement Date June 30, 2016

Actuarial Cost Method Entry-Age Normal Cost Method

Actuarial Assumptions:

Discount Rate 6.00% Inflation 3.00% Salary Increases 2.00%

Investment Rate of Return 6.00% net of pension plan investment expenses

Mortality

Service retirements and beneficiaries California PERS mortality table for healthy recipients (based

on CalPERS 2006-2011 experience), with generational mortality projections utilizing Society of Actuaries Scale MP-

2014

Disability retirements California PERS mortality table for work-related disabled

retirees(based on CalPERS 2006-2011 experience), with generational mortality projection utilizing Society of Actuaries

Scale MP-2014

Discount Rate

The Discount Rate was set equal to the long-term expected rate of return. The long-term expected rate of return was used as current assets are expected to be sufficient to cover all future benefit payments and expenses due to the magnitude of the Plan's 517% funded ratio and the average age of the group (83).

The 6% long-term expected rate of return was based on an assumed long-term asset allocation of 58% equities, 39% fixed, and 3% cash with geometric rates of return of 5.35%, 0.82%, and 0.45% respectively and a 0.30% reduction for investment expenses. The sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset) to a 1% change in the Discount Rate is shown below.

	1% Decrease 5.0%	Current Discount Rate 6.0%	1% Increase 7.0%	
Net pension liability (asset)	(\$8,594,972)	(\$8,752,680)	(\$8,890,764)	

CITY OF PIEDMONT NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 8: PIEDMONT POLICE AND FIRE PENSION PLAN (CLOSED PLAN) (CONTINUED)

C. Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Asset)

The changes in the net pension liability (asset) for the Plan follows:

	Increase (Decrease)						
		Total Pension Liability		Plan Fiduciary Net Position		Net Pension Liability (Asset)	
Balance at June 30, 2015 Changes in the year:	\$	2,480,531	\$	11,645,257	\$	(9,164,726)	
Interest Net investment income		141,412		(539,063)		141,412 539,063	
Differences between expected and actual experience		(270,454)		(2,025)		(270,454) 2,025	
Administrative expenses Benefit payments	_	(251,005)	_	(2 <u>5</u> 1,005)	_	<u> </u>	
Net changes	_	(380,047)	_	(792,093)	_	412,046	
Balance at June 30, 2016	\$_	2,100,484	\$_	10,853,164	\$_	(8,752,680)	

D. Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the City recognized pension expense of \$(475,891). At June 30, 2016, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	\$ <u>1,273,143</u>	\$
Total	\$ <u>1,273,143</u>	\$

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Measurement Period Ended June 30,	_	
2016	\$	342,361
2017	\$	342,361
2018	\$	342,361
2019	\$	246,060

CITY OF PIEDMONT NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 9: OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Description

Effective January 1, 1997, all City employees were enrolled in the PERS Health Care Plan. The City provides postretirement healthcare benefits to eligible employees who retire directly from the City. The City pays healthcare coverage up to a cap for eligible retirees and their dependents. This cap is calculated using the 5% unequal method. Under this method, the City must contribute an amount equal to 5% times years in PEMHCA (with a limit in the increase in the monthly City contributions of \$100/year). The City paid \$375,277 on behalf of 33 retirees during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. There are 94 active participants.

The City reports the financial activity of the other post-employment benefits (OPEB) in the fiduciary OPEB Trust Fund, and no separate financial report is prepared.

In fiscal 2010, the City established an OPEB irrevocable trust with the City Administrator and Finance Director acting as trustee for the OPEB Trust Fund.

A summary of eligibility and retiree contribution requirements are shown below by bargaining unit:

	_					
Retirement eligibility	•	Retire directly from the City				
	•	Age 50 and 5 years CalPERS service or	disability retireme	ent		
Retiree medical benefit	•	 PEMHCA unequal method Percentage of active contribution with percentage equal to 5% multiplied by years in PEMHCA, up to a maximum increase of \$100/month for a given year. City jointed PEMHCA in 1997. City contributes full Kaiser premium for employees and dependents 2016 retiree healthcare monthly caps: 				
	Non-Medicare Medicare Single: \$709.15 \$282.37 2-party: \$1,167.36 \$564.74 Family: \$1,247.23 N/A					
	Fire and police retirees hired before 10/1/84 receive additional contribution equal to difference between Kaiser single premium and current single retiree cap until age 65. Premiums are paid for 2 non-PEMHCA retirees.					
Employee Contributions	Active employees who are or may become eligible for retiree medical benefits upon retirement are required to contribute \$50 each semi-monthly pay period beginning July 1, 2012 (August 1, 2012 for Police). These contributions are not refundable.					
Surviving Spouse Benefit	A benefit is payable to the surviving spouse if form of benefit including survivor continuance was elected in the retirement plan.					
Medicare Part B Reimbursement, Non-PEMHCA Medical, Dental, Vision, and Life	•					

CITY OF PIEDMONT NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 9: OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Funding Policy

The City's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC) of the employer, an amount which was determined as part of a June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The ARC is subject to change with each actuarial valuation date performed no less than every three years.

The City's funding policy is to contribute a minimum of \$312,000 to the OPEB irrevocable trust each year, commencing in fiscal year 2012, in addition to paying plan benefits to retirees ("pay-as-you-go") until such time as that combined contribution exceeds the ARC. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the City contributed \$312,000 to the OPEB irrevocable trust.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The City's OPEB unfunded actuarial accrued liability as of June 30, 2015 the date of the most recent actuarial valuation totaled \$4,440,846.

Annual required contribution Amortization on the net OPEB obligation Interest on the net OPEB obligation	\$	1,564,000 (233,000) 197,000
Total annual OPEB cost	_	1,528,000
Contributions made: Premium paid Contribution to OPEB trust Contribution held by City for OPEB trust (a) Implied subsidy benefit payment	_	(375,277) (312,000) (464,399) (71,000)
Total Contributions	_	(1,222,676)
Over (under) contribution of ARC		(305,324)
Net OPEB obligation, July 1, 2015	_	4,135,522
Net OPEB obligation, June 30, 2016	\$_	4,440,846

(a) Includes \$464,399 that was held by the City for the OPEB trust as of June 30, 2016.

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for fiscal 2016 and the two preceding years were as follows:

Year Ended	Ann	Annual OPEB cost		Annual OPEB cost Actual Employer Contribution			Percentage Contributed	Ne	et Ending OPEB
June 30, 2014	\$	1,386,000	\$	1,364,212	98.43 %	\$	3,874,525		
June 30, 2015	\$	1,504,000	\$	1,243,003	82.65 %		4,135,522		
June 30, 2016	\$	1,528,000	\$	1,222,676	80.02 %		4,440,846		

CITY OF PIEDMONT NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 9: OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the plan based on an actuarial study using age-adjusted premiums as of June 30, 2016, was as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL) Active employees Retired employees	\$	8,920,000 9,604,000
	_	18,524,000
Actuarial value of plan assets	_	6,194,988
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$_	12,329,012
Funded Ratio (actuarial value of plan assets / AAL)		33 %
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$	9,393,000
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll		131 %

Actuarial valuations for an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continuous revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates about the future are formulated. Although the valuation results are based on the values which the City's actuarial consultant believes are reasonable assumptions, the valuation results reflect a long-term perspective and, as such, are merely an estimate of what future costs may actually be. Deviations in any of several factors, such as future interest rates, medical cost inflation, Medicare coverage, and changes in marital status, could result in actual costs being less or greater than estimated.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of the plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan as understood by the employer and plan members, and include the types of plan benefits provided at the time of the valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The actuarial cost method used for determining the benefit obligations is the Entry Age Normal. This is a projected benefit cost method, which takes into account those benefits that are expected to be earned in the future as well as those already accrued. The City's OPEB unfunded actuarial accrued liability is amortized over a fixed 24-year period as a level percentage of payroll. The actuarial assumptions include a 3.25% projected annual salary increase and a 3.0% inflation rate. Actuarial assumptions for the discount rate is graded at 5.50% for 2014/15. Mortality, disability, and termination assumptions are based on the CalPERS 1997-2011 Experience Study.

CITY OF PIEDMONT NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30. 2016

NOTE 10: FUND BALANCE

Beginning with fiscal year 2011, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions." This statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balances more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Non Spendable: Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form (not expected to be converted to cash) or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted</u>: Amounts subject to externally enforceable legal restrictions or constrained for a specific purpose by external parties, constitutional provision, or enabling legislation. This fund balance type is essentially the same definition as restricted net position under GASB Statement No. 34.

<u>Committed</u>: Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by the formal action of City Council. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (legislation, resolution, ordinance) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Action to constrain resources must occur prior to year-end; however, the amount can be determined in the subsequent period.

Assigned: Amounts that are not restricted by the funding agency but are for specific purposes and assigned by City Council for that purpose. City Council's action in creating the fund is to ensure that the funds are used for their intended purpose. That purpose is not always planned for the current fiscal year as it may take several years to build up a sufficient fund balance to be able to implement the stated purpose. This classification also represents all remaining amounts (except negative balances) reported in governmental funds, other than the general fund, that are not classified as non spendable, restricted, or committed.

<u>Unassigned</u>: Residual amounts in the general fund, not classified as non spendable, restricted, committed, or assigned. For other governmental fund types, unassigned is only used when a deficit or negative fund balance occurs.

The City Council establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by approval of a resolution. Currently, the City Council has not committed any fund balances. The City Council delegates authority to the Finance Director to assign amounts to be used for specific purpose. Assignments are less formal than commitments and can be changed by the Director of Finance.

The accounting policies of the City consider restricted fund balance to have been spent first when an expenditure is incurred for the purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. Similarly, when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted classifications of fund balance could be used, the City considers committed amounts to be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources first to defer the use of these other classified funds.

CITY OF PIEDMONT NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 10: FUND BALANCE (CONTINUED)

As of June 30, 2016, fund balances were comprised of the following:

	Equipment General Fund Replacement		Facilities Maintenance	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
Nonspendable Advances Total Nonspendable		600,000 600,000	200,000 200,000	<u> </u>	800,000 800,000	
Restricted Projects and services Street projects Schoolmates program Measure D Undergrounding administration Measure B sales tax Measure BB sales tax Measure F Athletic facility preservation Abandoned vehicle COPS Total Restricted	\$	\$ - - - - - - - - - -	\$ -	\$ 55,423 498,212 344,698 48,227 22,854 84,666 23,752 3,185 25,015 45,472	\$ 55,423 498,212 344,698 48,227 22,854 84,666 23,752 3,185 25,015 45,472 283,217 1,434,721	
Assigned Capital improvement Equipment replacement Facilities maintenance Sidewalk repair Total Assigned Unassigned	- - - - - - 4,717,674	3,102,890 - - 3,102,890	4,175,940 - 4,175,940	332,227 - - - 60,230 392,457	332,227 3,102,890 4,175,940 60,230 7,671,287	
Total Fund Balance	\$ 5,000,891	\$ 3,702,890	\$ <u>4,375,940</u>	\$ <u>1,543,961</u>	\$ <u>14,623,682</u>	

Fund Balance Deficits

As of June 30, 2016, the Employee Benefits Internal Service fund had a net deficit of \$4,440,846.

NOTE 11: RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions, and natural disasters. The City manages risk by participating in the public entity risk pools described below and by retaining certain risks.

Public entity risk pools are formally organized separate entities established under the Joint Exercise of Powers Act of the State of California. As separate legal entities, these risk pools exercise full powers and authorities within the scope of the related Joint Powers Agreements including the preparation of annual budgets, accountability for all funds, the power to make and execute contracts and the right to sue and be sued. Each risk pool is governed by a board consisting of representatives from member municipalities. Each board controls the operations of the respective risk pool, including selection of management and approval of operating budgets, independent of any influence by member municipalities beyond their representation on the board. Obligations and liabilities of these risk pools are the City's responsibility.

CITY OF PIEDMONT NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 11: RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

A. Risk Pools

General Liability - Bay Cities Joint Powers Insurance Authority (BCJPIA) covers general liability claims, including excess liability, in an mount up to \$29,000,000. The City has a deductible or uninsured liability of up to \$10,000 per claim. Once the City's deductible is met, BCJPIA becomes responsible for payment of all claims up to the limit. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the City contributed \$431,855 for current year coverage.

Workers' Compensation - BCJPIA also covers workers' compensation liability in an amount up to \$1,000,000 per claim. The City has a deductible or uninsured liability of up to \$150,000 per claim. The Local Agency Workers' Compensation Excess Insurance Joint Powers Authority (LAWCX) covers workers' compensation claims in excess of \$1,000,000 per claim up to \$300,000,000. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the City contributed \$57,210 for current year coverage. The City also received a refund from prior year of \$11,688.

Financial statements for BCJPIA and LAWCX may be obtained from Bickmore & Associates, 1750 Creekside Oaks Drive, Suite 200, Sacramento, CA 95833.

The City's contribution with each risk pool equals the ratio of the City's payroll to the total payrolls of all entities participating in the same layer of each program, in each program year. Actual surpluses or losses are shared according to a formula developed from overall loss costs and spread to member entities on a percentage basis after a retrospective rating.

B. Liability for Uninsured Claims

The City has retained the risk for the uninsured portion of the above claims as discussed above. Activity for the City's liability for uninsured claims was as follows for the year ended June 30, 2016:

	Genera	ral Liability			Workers' Co	ensation					
	 2016		2015	_	2016	_	2015	_	2016	_	2015
Beginning balance Incurred claims Claims paid	\$ 94,510 62,656 (66,573)	\$	81,308 49,181 (35,979)	\$	1,042,000 57,210 (126,210)	\$	975,000 560,211 (493,211)	\$	1,136,510 119,866 (192,783)	\$	1,056,308 609,392 (529,190)
Ending Balance	\$ 90,593	\$	94,510	\$_	973,000	\$_	1,042,000	\$_	1,063,593	\$_	1,136,510
Current portion	\$ 26,802	\$	24,609	\$_	305,098	\$_	325,055	\$_	331,900	\$_	349,664

NOTE 12: PARCEL TAX

The City of Piedmont is required by the Municipal Code to refund or reduce subsequent taxes regarding any excess of the ending General Fund balance over 25 percent of that year's General Fund expenditures. General Fund balance at June 30, 2016 did not exceed the 25 percent of expenditures limitation.

		Amount
General fund expenditures Fund balance limitation, 25% of expenditures General fund balance at year end	\$	21,777,199 5,444,300 5,000,891
Amount below fund balance limitation	\$_	443,409

CITY OF PIEDMONT NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 13: EXCESS EXPENDITURES AND TRANSFERS OVER APPROPRIATIONS

The following funds incurred expenditures and transfers (excluding extraordinary items) in excess of appropriations in the following amounts for the year ended June 30, 2016:

Fund	<u>E</u> :	Excess Expenditures				
General Fund	\$	1,855,400				
Equipment Replacement	\$	29,593				
Schoolmates Program	\$	14,552				
Projects and Services	\$	357,746				
Measure D	\$	22,351				
Measure BB Sales Tax	\$	94,702				
Measure F	\$	14,597				
Athletic Facility Preservation	\$	27,229				
2014 Pension Obligation Bonds	\$	1,235				

The excess expenditures were covered by available fund balance in the funds.

NOTE 14: CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

Grant Awards

The City participates in certain federal and state assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. Any liability for reimbursement which may arise as the result of these audits is not believed to be material.

Litigation

The City is involved in several pending lawsuits of a nature common to many similar jurisdictions. City management estimates that potential claims against the City, not covered by insurance, will not have a material adverse effect on the financial statements of the City.

NOTE 15: PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

The City made the following corrections related to the recording of their net pension liability for the City's defined benefit pension plan and the City's police & fire defined benefit pension plan:

Description of Restatement	_ <u>N</u>	let Position
City Pension Plan: Correction of contributions applied to proportionate share of contributions Police & Fire: Recording of 2015 changes in the net pension asset	\$ _	5,308,604 449,712
Total Prior Period Adjustment	\$	5,758,316

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF PIEDMONT

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

2015 - 2016 Budgeted Amounts

	Buageted	Amounts	_	
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 11,187,722	\$ 11,717,722	\$ 11,922,775	\$ 205,053
Sales tax	180,000	180,000	197,333	17,333
Franchise tax	408,500	408,500	450,961	42,461
Utility users tax	1,195,000	1,195,000	1,178,302	(16,698)
Real property transfer tax			3,117,999	317,999
	2,800,000	2,800,000		
Business licenses and rental tax	467,000	934,000	557,843	(376,157)
Licenses and permits	448,500	468,500	585,132	116,632
Intergovernmental	1,557,010	1,657,010	1,639,091	(17,919)
Use of money and property	383,000	383,350	529,643	146,293
Parcel tax	1,689,000	1,689,000	1,628,601	(60,399)
Charges for services	2,840,700	2,840,700	3,155,373	314,673
Other revenues	580,000	<u>580,000</u>	1,202,225	622,225
Total Revenues	23,736,432	24,853,782	26,165,278	1,311,496
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Administration	2,382,180	2,384,180	2,271,093	113,087
Public works	4,106,289	4,106,289	3,895,930	210,359
Public safety:				
Police services	5,779,619	5,955,969	5,513,915	442,054
Fire services	5,336,000	5,463,900	5,326,748	137,152
Recreation	2,530,680	2,688,680	2,613,677	75,003
Nondepartmental	1,698,471	2,198,471	2,155,836	42,635
Total Expenditures	21,833,239	22,797,489	21,777,199	1,020,290
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	1,903,193	2,056,293	4,388,079	291,206
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	1,092,000	1,092,000	1,145,465	53,465
Transfers out	(2,817,013)	(500,000)	<u>(5,444,724</u>)	<u>(4,944,724</u>)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,725,013)	592,000	(4,299,259)	(4,891,259)
Net change in fund balance	\$ <u>178,180</u>	\$ 2,648,293	88,820	\$ <u>(4,600,053</u>)
Fund balance - July 1, 2015			4,912,071	
Fund balance - June 30, 2016			\$_5,000,891	

CITY OF PIEDMONT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING AND CONTROL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Budgetary Information

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts after all budget amendments have been accounted for.

Budgetary Controls

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The City Council approves total appropriations on a departmental basis. Budgetary comparison schedules are presented for all funds. The budgetary comparison schedules present both the original adopted budget and the final budget with all amendments.

CITY OF PIEDMONT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY Prepared for the City's Miscellaneous and Safety Plan, Cost Sharing Defined Benefit Pension Plan As of June 30, 2016 Last 10 Years *

	Measurement Period			
		2015		2014
Proportion of the net pension liability		0.24111 %		0.24773 %
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	16,549,792	\$	15,419,642
Covered - employee payroll	\$	9,157,966	\$	8,752,938
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered - employee payroll		180.71 %		176.17 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		78.40 %		79.82 %

Notes to Schedule:

Changes in assumptions. The discount rate was changed from 7.50 percent (net of administrative expense) to 7.65 percent to correct for an adjustment to exclude administrative expense

^{*} Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only two years are shown.

CITY OF PIEDMONT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Prepared for the City's Miscellaneous and Safety Plan, Cost Sharing Defined Benefit Pension Plan
Cost Sharing Defined Benefit Pension Plans
As of June 30, 2016
Last 10 Years *

	Fiscal Year-End			
		2016		2015
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined)	\$	2,072,601	\$	1,934,849
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	_	2,072,601		1,934,849
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$	<u> </u>
Covered - employee payroll	\$	9,305,356	\$	9,157,966
Contributions as a percentage of covered - employee payroll		22.27 %		21.13 %

^{*} Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only two years are shown.

CITY OF PIEDMONT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR POLICE AND FIRE PENSION (CLOSED PLAN) Last 10 Years *

	Fiscal Year-End					
	2016			2015		2014
Total Pension Liability						
Interest Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	141,412 (270,454)	\$	148,653 -	\$	156,380 -
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(251,005)		(287,175)	_	(283,192)
Net change in total pension liability		(380,047)		(138,522)		(126,812)
Total pension liability - beginning	_	2,480,531	_	2,619,053	_	2,745,865
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$_	2,100,484	\$_	2,480,531	\$_	2,619,053
Plan Fiduciary Net Position						
Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee	\$	(539,063)	\$	213,159	\$	1,837,733
contributions Administrative expenses	_	(251,005) (2,025)	_	(287,175)	_	(283,192)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		(792,093)		(74,016)		1,554,541
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	_	11,645,257	_	11,719,273	_	10,164,732
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$_	10,853,164	\$_	11,645,257	\$_	11,719,273
Plan's net pension liability (asset) - ending (a)-(b)	\$_	(8,752,680)	\$_	(9,164,726)	\$_	(9,100,220)
Fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		517 %		469 %		447 %
Covered employee payroll	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Net pension liability as percentage of covered employee payroll		N/A		N/A		N/A

Employer Actuarial Determined Contribution for fiscal year June 30, 2016:

Actuarial	De Coi	tuarially termined ntribution		Employer		Contribution Deficiency			ADA as a % of
Valuation Date		(ADC)		Contributions		(Excess)		Covered Payroll	Covered Payroll
			_		_				
2014	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	,	5 -	NA
2015	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	(-	NA
2016	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	,	-	NA

The actuarially determined contribution is based on the same assumptions as the net pension liability (asset).

^{*} Fiscal year 2014 was the 1st year of implementation of GASB 67, therefore only three years are shown.

CITY OF PIEDMONT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Actuarial Valuation Date	_	Normal Accrued Liability		Actuarial Value of Assets		Liability (Excess Assets)	Funded Status		Annual Covered Payroll	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll
2009 2012 2015	\$ \$ \$	12,536,000 12,488,000 18,524,000	\$ \$ \$	2,486,000 6,194,988	\$ \$ \$	12,536,000 10,002,000 12,329,012	0% 19.9% 33.44%	\$ \$ \$	8,281,000 8,210,000 9,393,000	151 % 122 % 131 %

_	
C	COMBINING FINANCIAL SCHEDULES AND OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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Attachment A

CITY OF PIEDMONT

EQUIPMENT REPLACEMENT - MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

2015 - 2016 **Budgeted Amounts** Variance with Final **Budget Actual Positive** (Negative) Original **Final** Amounts **REVENUES** 7,000 7,000 17,440 Use of money and property 10,440 **Total Revenues** 7,000 7,000 17,440 10,440 **EXPENDITURES** Current: Public safety - police 23,290 (23,290)Capital outlay 1,082,500 959,087 968,176 (9,089)**Total Expenditures** 1,082,500 959,087 991,466 (32,379)Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (1,075,500)(952,087)(974,026)(21,939)**OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)** Transfers in 832,000 832,000 1,717,988 885,988 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 832,000 1,717,988 885,988 832,000 (243,500)(120,087)864,049 743,962 Net change in fund balance

2,958,928

3,702,890

Fund balance - July 1, 2015

Fund balance - June 30, 2016

CITY OF PIEDMONT

FACILITIES MAINTENANCE - MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

2015 - 2016

	Budgeted	Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
<u>REVENUES</u>				
Use of money and property Contributions and donations	20,000		733 3,000	733 3,000
Total Revenues	20,000		3,733	3,733
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>				
Current: Administration Public works Public safety - police Public safety - fire Recreation Capital outlay	- - - - - 1,150,385	- - - - - 1,175,384	37,535 4,804 35,121 14,618 358,034 598,412	(37,535) (4,804) (35,121) (14,618) (358,034) 576,972
Total Expenditures	1,150,385	1,175,384	1,048,524	126,860
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(1,130,385)	(1,175,384)	(1,044,791)	130,593
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	1,175,000	500,000	3,296,842	2,796,842
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,175,000	500,000	3,296,842	2,796,842
Net change in fund balance	\$ <u>44,615</u>	\$ <u>(675,384</u>)	2,252,051	\$ <u>2,927,435</u>
Fund balance - July 1, 2015			2,123,889	
Fund balance - June 30, 2016			\$ <u>4,375,940</u>	

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The following funds are reported in total on the Governmental Fund Financial Statements under the column Other Governmental Funds.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

<u>Streets Project</u> - accounts for revenues and expenditures associated with the maintenance and improvements of the City's roads and street landscaping that is funded through the receipt of the City's share of the gas tax.

<u>Schoolmates Program</u> - accounts for the operation of the before- and after-school child care program for elementary school age children operated by the Piedmont Recreation Department.

<u>Projects and Services</u> - accounts for both the Private Contribution Fund and the Traffic Safety Fund. The Private Contribution Fund is used to account for all citizen and other private contributions and donations to the City. The Traffic Safety Fund is used to account for traffic ticket fine revenues and fine revenues collected by other entities and allocated to the City.

Measure D - accounts for surcharges collected for the continuation and expansion of municipal recycling programs.

<u>Abandoned Vehicle</u> - accounts for abandoned vehicle abatement funding as the City is a participant in the Alameda County Abandoned Vehicle Program for receiving reimbursement of expenses arising from the investigation of reported abandoned vehicles.

<u>Undergrounding Administration</u> - accounts for administrative costs arising from the City's role as debt payment Fiscal Agent for various utility undergrounding projects.

<u>Measure B Sales Tax</u> - accounts for a tax approved by Alameda County voters in November 2000 to provide programmatic pass-through funds for bicycle and pedestrian paths & safety improvements, mass transit, paratransit, and local streets and roads projects.

<u>Measure BB Sales Tax</u> - accounts for a tax approved by Alameda County voters in November 2014 for the direct funding for local street projects and bicycle and pedestrian projects based on population and road mileage.

<u>Measure F</u> - accounts for the additional \$10 fee associated with registering a vehicle in the County. Fees are restricted to reduce traffic congestion and vehicle related pollution.

Athletic Facility Preservation - accounts for funds to be used for repairing, refurnishing, and replacing City athletic facilities.

CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS

Capital Improvement - accounts for the City's major capital projects.

<u>Sidewalk Repair</u> - accounts for sidewalk reimbursement revenue associated with the repair/replacement of City sidewalks under article V, section 18.26 of the City code.

<u>Miscellaneous Grant Funds</u> - established to record and track revenues received from various State, Federal and miscellaneous grants restricted for specific capital projects as approved by the granting source.

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

2014 Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds - accounts for principal and interest associated with the payoff of the CalPERS side funds.

CITY OF PIEDMONT

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEETS JUNE 30, 2016

		Special Revenue Funds								
	Street Projects		5	Schoolmates Program		Projects and Services	Measure D			Abandoned Vehicle
ASSETS Cash and investments Receivables:	\$	493,613	\$	327,104	\$	55,402	\$	48,231	\$	45,472
Accounts Total Assets	\$	4,599 498,212	\$ <u></u>	29,847 356,951	\$_	2,311 57,713	\$_	48,231	\$ <u></u>	45,472
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued payroll and benefits Due to other funds	\$ 	- - -	\$	1,802 10,451	\$	2,290 - -	\$	4 - -	\$	- - -
Total Liabilities			_	12,253	_	2,290	_	4	_	
FUND BALANCES Restricted Assigned		498,212 	_	344,698 <u>-</u>	_	55,423 <u>-</u>	_	48,227 <u>-</u>	_	45,472
Total Fund Balances		498,212	_	344,698	_	55,423	_	48,227	_	45,472
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	498,212	\$_	356,951	\$_	57,713	\$_	48,231	\$_	45,472

CITY OF PIEDMONT

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEETS JUNE 30, 2016

				Spe	cia	I Revenue Fur	าds			
	Undergrounding Administration		Measure B Sales Tax		Measure BB Sales Tax		Measure F		Athletic Facility Preservation	
ASSETS Cash and investments Receivables: Accounts	\$	22,854	\$	47,777 70,19 <u>9</u>	\$	12,321 64,03 <u>1</u>	\$	(5,612) 8,797	\$	21,011 4,004
Total Assets	\$	22,854	\$ <u></u>	117,976	\$ <u></u>	76,352	\$ <u>_</u>	3,185	\$ <u></u>	25,015
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued payroll and benefits Due to other funds	\$	- - -	\$	33,310 - -	\$	52,600 - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -
Total Liabilities		<u>-</u>	_	33,310	-	52,600	-	<u> </u>	_	<u> </u>
FUND BALANCES Restricted Assigned		22,854	_	84,666 <u>-</u>	_	23,752	_	3,185 	_	25,015
Total Fund Balances		22,854	_	84,666	_	23,752	_	3,185	_	<u> 25,015</u>
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	22,854	\$_	117,976	\$_	76,352	\$_	3,185	\$_	25,015

CITY OF PIEDMONT

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEETS JUNE 30, 2016

			Сар	ital Projects			Debt Service	1	
	Capital Improvement		Sidewalk Repair		Misc. Grant Funds		2014 Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds		Total Ion-major vernmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and investments Receivables: Accounts	\$	338,898	\$	60,862	\$	- 226,774	\$ - 	\$	1,467,933 410,562
Total Assets	\$	338,898	\$	60,862	\$	226,774	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u></u>	1,878,495
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued payroll and benefits Due to other funds	\$	6,671 - -	\$	632 - -	\$	- - 226,774	\$ - - -	\$	97,309 10,451 226,774
Total Liabilities		6,671		632		226,774			334,534
FUND BALANCES Restricted Assigned		- 332,227		- 60,230		- -		_	1,151,504 392,457
Total Fund Balances		332,227		60,230					1,543,961
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ <u></u>	338,898	\$	60,862	\$	226,774	\$	\$	1,878,495

CITY OF PIEDMONT

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Special Revenue Funds									
	Street Project			choolmates Program	Р	rojects and Services	Measure D		A	bandoned Vehicle
REVENUES	•	050 705	•		•		•		•	
Gas tax	\$	252,765	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	0.504
Intergovernmental		-		2.005		-		-		3,561
Use of money and property		115		2,095		7		-		-
Charges for services Measure B tax		-		901,018		-		-		-
Contributions and donations		-		-		350,617		-		-
Other revenue		_		_		330,617		21,797		-
Total Revenues	_	252,880	_	903,113	_	350,624		21,797		3,561
Total Revenues	_	232,000	_	903,113	_	330,024		21,797		3,301
EXPENDITURES Current: Administration		_		-		-		_		_
Public works		-		-		-		22,400		-
Street improvements		-		-		-		-		-
Recreation		-		825,371		-		-		-
Capital outlay		-		2,309		-		-		-
Debt service:										
Principal		-		-		-		-		-
Interest and fiscal charges		<u> </u>		<u>-</u>	_					
Total Expenditures		<u> </u>		827,680	_			22,400		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	_	252,880		75,433		350,624		(603)		3,561
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in		_		_		_		_		_
Transfers out		(250,000)		(47,122)		(487,746)		(37,951)		_
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	(250,000)	_	(47,122)	_	(487,746)	-	(37,951)		
Total Other Financing Octroco (OSCS)		(200,000)	_	(11,122)	_	(107,710)		(07,001)	-	
Net change in fund balances		2,880		28,311		(137,122)		(38,554)		3,561
Fund balances - July 1, 2015	_	495,332		316,387	_	192,545		86,781		41,911
Fund balances - June 30, 2016	\$	498,212	\$	344,698	\$	55,423	\$	48,227	\$	45,472

CITY OF PIEDMONT

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Special Revenue Funds								
	Undergrounding Administration	Measure B Sales Tax	Measure BB Sales Tax	Measure F	Athletic Facility Preservation				
REVENUES Gas tax Intergovernmental Use of money and property Charges for services Measure B tax Contributions and donations Other revenue	\$ - - - - - -	\$ - 500 - 445,743	\$ - 415,368 - - - -	\$ - 48,103 226 - - -	\$ - - - 68,370 - 39,300				
Total Revenues		446,243	415,368	48,329	107,670				
EXPENDITURES Current: Administration Public works Street improvements Recreation Capital outlay Debt service: Principal Interest and fiscal charges Total Expenditures	17,287 - - - - - - 17,287	271,685 - 207,851 - - 479,536	- - - 470,749 - - 470,749	75,597	37,229 - 37,229				
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(17,287)	(33,293)	(55,381)	(27,268)	70,441				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	==, = =	-			50,000 (225,000) (175,000)				
Net change in fund balances	(17,287)	(33,293)	(55,381)	(27,268)	(104,559)				
Fund balances - July 1, 2015	40,141	117,959	79,133	30,453	129,574				
Fund balances - June 30, 2016	\$ <u>22,854</u>	\$ <u>84,666</u>	\$ <u>23,752</u>	\$ <u>3,185</u>	\$ <u>25,015</u>				

CITY OF PIEDMONT

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		Capital Projects	i	Debt Service]	
	Capital Improvement	Sidewalk Repair	Misc. Grant Funds	2014 Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds	Total Non-major Governmental Funds	
REVENUES Gas tax Intergovernmental Use of money and property Charges for services Measure B tax Contributions and donations Other revenue Total Revenues	\$ - - - - - - - -	\$ 5,372 - 5,372	\$ - 226,774 - - - - - 226,774	\$ - - - - - - - -	\$ 252,765 693,806 2,943 969,388 445,743 389,917 27,169 2,781,731	
EXPENDITURES Current: Administration Public works Street improvements Recreation Capital outlay	- - - 144,779	- - - -	- - - 226,774	1,235 - - - -	18,522 22,400 271,685 862,600 1,128,059	
Debt service: Principal Interest and fiscal charges Total Expenditures	144,779		- - 226,774	1,177,000 160,013 1,338,248	1,177,000 160,013 3,640,279	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(144,779)	5,372		(1,338,248)	(858,548)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 	- -	- - -	1,338,248 	1,388,248 (1,047,819) 340,429	
Net change in fund balances	(144,779)	5,372	-	-	(518,119)	
Fund balances - July 1, 2015	477,006	54,858			2,062,080	
Fund balances - June 30, 2016	\$ 332,227	\$ 60,230	\$	\$	\$ <u>1,543,961</u>	

CITY OF PIEDMONT

STREET PROJECTS - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

2015 - 2016 Budgeted Amounts

		Budgeted	l Am	ounts	_			
		Original		Final		Actual Amounts	W	ariance ith Final Budget Positive legative)
REVENUES								
Gas tax Use of money and property	\$	250,000	\$	250,000	\$	252,765 115	\$	2,765 115
Total Revenues	_	250,000	_	250,000		252,880	_	2,880
EXPENDITURES								
Total Expenditures	_		_	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	_	250,000	_	250,000	_	252,880	_	2,880
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers out	_	(250,000)		(250,000)		(250,000)	_	_
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(250,000)	_	(250,000)	_	(250,000)	_	<u> </u>
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$		_	2,880	\$	2,880
Fund balance - July 1, 2015					_	495,332		
Fund balance - June 30, 2016					\$_	498,212		

CITY OF PIEDMONT

SCHOOLMATES PROGRAM - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

2015 - 2016 Budgeted Amounts

		Budgeted	l Am	ounts				
	Oi	riginal		Final		Actual mounts	W I F	ariance ith Final Budget Positive legative)
REVENUES								
Use of money and property Charges for services	\$	400 916,000	\$	400 916,000	\$	2,095 901,018	\$	1,695 (14,982)
Total Revenues		916,400	_	916,400		903,113		(13,287)
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>								
Current: Recreation		801,925		826,250		825,371		879
Capital outlay		5,000	_	3,000	_	2,309		691
Total Expenditures		806,925	_	829,250		827,680	_	1,570
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		109,475	_	87,150	_	75,433	_	(11,717)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers out		(31,000)	_	(31,000)		(47,122)		(16,122)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(31,000)	_	(31,000)	_	(47,122)		(16,122)
Net change in fund balance	\$	78,475	\$	56,150		28,311	\$	(27,839)
Fund balance - July 1, 2015					_	316,387		
Fund balance - June 30, 2016					\$	344,698		

CITY OF PIEDMONT

PROJECTS AND SERVICES - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

2015 - 2016 **Budgeted Amounts** Variance with Final **Budget** Positive **Actual** Amounts (Negative) Original **Final REVENUES** Use of money and property Contributions and donations 60,000 60,000 350,617 290,617 **Total Revenues** 60,000 60,000 350,624 290,624 **EXPENDITURES Total Expenditures** Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 60,000 60,000 350,624 290,624 **OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)** Transfers out (130,000)(130,000)(487,746)(357,746)Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (130,000)(130,000)(487,746)(357,746)(70,000)(70,000)(67,122)Net change in fund balance (137,122) \$<u></u> Fund balance - July 1, 2015 192,545

Fund balance - June 30, 2016

55,423

CITY OF PIEDMONT

MEASURE D - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

2015 - 2016 **Budgeted Amounts** Variance with Final **Budget** Positive **Actual** Amounts (Negative) Original **Final REVENUES** Other revenues 35,000 30,100 21,797 (8,303)**Total Revenues** 35,000 30,100 21,797 (8,303)**EXPENDITURES** Current: Public works 21,000 21,000 22,400 (1,400)**Total Expenditures** 21,000 21,000 22,400 (1,400)Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 14,000 9,100 (603)(9,703)**OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)** Transfers out (17,000)(17,000)(37,951)(20,951)(17,000)(37,951)Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (17,000)(20,951)(3,000)(7,900)(30,654)(38,554) \$ Net change in fund balance Fund balance - July 1, 2015 86,781

48,227

Fund balance - June 30, 2016

CITY OF PIEDMONT

ABANDONED VEHICLE - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

2015 - 2016 **Budgeted Amounts** Variance with Final **Budget** Positive Actual Original Amounts (Negative) Final **REVENUES** Intergovernmental 4,000 4,000 3,561 (439)**Total Revenues** 4,000 4,000 3,561 (439)**EXPENDITURES Total Expenditures** 4,000 4,000 (439)Net change in fund balance 3,561 Fund balance - July 1, 2015 41,911

Fund balance - June 30, 2016

45,472

CITY OF PIEDMONT

UNDERGROUNDING ADMINISTRATION - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

2015 - 2016 **Budgeted Amounts** Variance with Final **Budget** Positive **Actual** Original* Final* Amounts (Negative) **REVENUES Total Revenues** \$_ **EXPENDITURES** Current: Administration 17,287 (17,287)**Total Expenditures** 17,287 (17,287)(17,287)Net change in fund balance (17,287) Fund balance - July 1, 2015 40,141 22,854 Fund balance - June 30, 2016

^{*}No budget was adopted for the Undergrounding Administration Fund for the year ended June 30, 2016.

CITY OF PIEDMONT

MEASURE B SALES TAX - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

2015 - 2016 **Budgeted Amounts** Variance with Final **Budget** Positive **Actual** Original **Amounts** (Negative) **Final REVENUES** Use of money and property \$ \$ 500 500 Measure B tax 465,609 445,743 (19,866)**Total Revenues** 465,609 446,243 (19,366)**EXPENDITURES** Current: Street improvements 221,198 356,989 271,685 85,304 Capital outlay 311,989 176,198 207,851 (31,653)**Total Expenditures** 533,187 533,187 479,536 53,651 (533,187)(67,578)34,285 Net change in fund balance (33,293)Fund balance - July 1, 2015 117,959

Fund balance - June 30, 2016

84,666

CITY OF PIEDMONT

MEASURE BB SALES TAX - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

2015 - 2016

		Budgeted	l Am	ounts	_			
		Original		Final		Actual mounts	W	/ariance rith Final Budget Positive Negative)
<u>REVENUES</u>								
Intergovernmental	\$_	401,000	\$	401,000	\$	415,368	\$	14,368
Total Revenues	_	401,000	_	401,000		415,368	_	14,368
EXPENDITURES Constel outloy		365,000		365,000		470,749		(105,749)
Capital outlay	_	303,000		303,000	_	470,749		(105,749)
Total Expenditures	_	365,000		365,000		470,749	_	(105,749)
Net change in fund balance	\$_	36,000	\$	36,000	_	(55,381)	\$	(91,381)
Fund balance - July 1, 2015						79,133		
Fund balance - June 30, 2016					\$	23,752		

CITY OF PIEDMONT

MEASURE F - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

2015 - 2016 **Budgeted Amounts** Variance with Final **Budget** Positive **Actual** Original Amounts (Negative) **Final REVENUES** Intergovernmental 45,000 45,000 48,103 3,103 Use of money and property 226 226 45,000 45,000 48,329 3,329 **Total Revenues EXPENDITURES** Current: Capital outlay 61,000 61,000 75,597 (14,597)**Total Expenditures** 61,000 61,000 75,597 (14,597)(16,000)Net change in fund balance (16,000)(27,268)(11,268)Fund balance - July 1, 2015 30,453

Fund balance - June 30, 2016

3,185

CITY OF PIEDMONT

ATHLETIC FACILITY PRESERVATION - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

2015 - 2016 Budgeted Amounts

	Budgeted Amounts							
	Original		Final		Actual Amounts		w I F	ariance ith Final Budget Positive legative)
REVENUES								
Charges for services Contributions and donations	\$	56,800 <u>-</u>	\$	110,000	\$	68,370 39,300	\$ 	(41,630) 39,300
Total Revenues	_	56,800	_	110,000		107,670	_	(2,330)
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>								
Current: Recreation	_	35,000	_	35,000	_	37,229	_	(2,229)
Total Expenditures	_	35,000	_	35,000		37,229	_	(2,229)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	_	21,800	_	75,000	_	70,441	_	(4,559)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in Transfers out	_	50,000 (200,000)	_	50,000 (200,000)	_	50,000 (225,000)	_	- (25,000)
Net change in fund balance	\$	(128,200)	\$_	(75,000)	_	(104,559)	\$	(29,559)
Fund balance - July 1, 2015						129,574		
Fund balance - June 30, 2016					\$	25,015		

CITY OF PIEDMONT

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		- 2016 d Amounts	_	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts		
REVENUES					
Intergovernmental	\$ 130,000	\$ 130,000	\$	\$ (130,000)	
Total Revenues	130,000	130,000		(130,000)	
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>					
Current:					
Public works Capital outlay	444,677	130,000 <u>279,677</u>	144,779	130,000 <u>134,898</u>	
Total Expenditures	444,677	409,677	144,779	264,898	
Net change in fund balance	\$ <u>(314,677</u>)	\$ <u>(279,677</u>)	(144,779)	\$ <u>134,898</u>	
Fund balance - July 1, 2015			477,006		
Fund balance - June 30, 2016			\$ 332,227		

CITY OF PIEDMONT

SIDEWALK REPAIR - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

2015 - 2016 **Budgeted Amounts** Variance with Final **Budget** Positive **Actual** Original Amounts (Negative) **Final REVENUES** Other revenues 3,000 3,000 5,372 \$ 2,372 **Total Revenues** 3,000 3,000 5,372 2,372 **EXPENDITURES** Current: Public works 3,000 3,000 3,000 **Total Expenditures** 3,000 3,000 3,000 5,372 Net change in fund balance 5,372 Fund balance - July 1, 2015 54,858

Fund balance - June 30, 2016

60,230

CITY OF PIEDMONT

MISC. GRANT FUNDS - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		i - 2016 d Amounts	_	
	Original* Final*		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental	\$	\$	\$ 226,774	\$ 226,774
Total Revenues			226,774	226,774
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>				
Current: Street improvements			226,774	(226,774)
Total Expenditures			226,774	(226,774)
Net change in fund balance	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u> </u>		\$ <u> </u>
Fund balance - July 1, 2015				
Fund balance - June 30, 2016			\$ <u> </u>	

^{*}No budget was adopted for the Misc. Grant Fund for the year ended June 30, 2016.

CITY OF PIEDMONT

2014 PENSION OBLIGATION BONDS - DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

2015 - 2016 **Budgeted Amounts** Variance with Final **Budget** Positive **Actual** Original Amounts (Negative) **Final REVENUES Total Revenues** \$_ **EXPENDITURES** Current: Administration (1,235)1,235 Debt service - principal 1,177,000 1,177,000 1,177,000 Debt service - interest 160,013 160,013 160,013 1,337,013 **Total Expenditures** (1,235)1,337,013 1,338,248 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (1,337,013)(1,337,013)(1,338,248)(1,235)**OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)** 1,337,013 1,234,564 1,338,248 103,684 Transfers in 102,449 (102,449)Net change in fund balance Fund balance - July 1, 2015

Fund balance - June 30, 2016

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of good or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the government and to other government units, on a coast reimbursement basis.

The concept of major funds does not extend to internal service funds because they do not do business with outside parties. For the Statement of Activities, the net revenues and expenses of each internal service fund are eliminated by netting them against the operations of the City departments that generated them. The remaining balance sheet items are consolidated with these same funds in the Statement of Net Position. However, internal service funds are still presented separately in the fund financial statements.

CITY OF PIEDMONT

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds

	Employee Benefits	Workers' Compensation	Insurance Liabilities	Total Internal Service Funds	
<u>ASSETS</u>					
Current Assets Cash and investments Accounts receivable, net	\$ 1,263,489 	\$ 1,726,557 4,688	\$ 390,485	\$ 3,380,531 4,688	
Total Current Assets	1,263,489	1,731,245	390,485	3,385,219	
Total Assets	\$ <u>1,263,489</u>	\$ <u>1,731,245</u>	\$ 390,485	\$ <u>3,385,219</u>	
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities Accounts payable Compensated absences - current Claims payable - current Total Current Liabilities Non-Current Liabilities Compensated absences Claims payable Net OPEB obligation Total Non-Current Liabilities Total Liabilities	\$ 464,399 471,891 	\$ 12,678 - 305,098 317,776 - 667,902 - 667,902 985,678	\$ 12,786 - 26,802 39,588 - 63,791 - 63,791 103,379	\$ 489,863 471,891 331,900 1,293,654 327,199 731,693 4,440,846 5,499,738 6,793,392	
NET POSITION:					
Unrestricted	(4,440,846)	745,567	287,106	(3,408,173)	
Total Net Position	(4,440,846	745,567	287,106	(3,408,173)	
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ <u>1,263,489</u>	\$ <u>1,731,245</u>	\$ 390,485	\$ <u>3,385,219</u>	

CITY OF PIEDMONT

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds

	Employee Benefits	Workers' Compensation	Insurance Liabilities	Total Internal Service Funds	
OPERATING REVENUES					
Total Operating Revenue	\$	\$	\$	\$ <u>-</u>	
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Net OPEB expense Insurance and claims expenses	769,723 	412,868	- 449,757	769,723 <u>862,625</u>	
Total Operating Expenses	769,723	412,868	449,757	1,632,348	
Operating Income (Loss)	(769,723)	(412,868)	(449,757)	(1,632,348)	
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Other income	464,399	572,000	444,000	1,480,399	
Total Non-Operating Revenues	464,399	572,000	444,000	1,480,399	
Change in net position	(305,324)	159,132	(5,757)	(151,949)	
Net Position - July 1, 2015	(4,135,522)	586,435	292,863	(3,256,224)	
Net Position - June 30, 2016	\$ <u>(4,440,846</u>)	\$ <u>745,567</u>	\$ <u>287,106</u>	\$ <u>(3,408,173)</u>	

CITY OF PIEDMONT

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds								
	Employee Benefits	Workers Compensation	Insurance Liabilities	Total Internal Service Funds					
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Claims and premiums paid Cash paid to employees Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	\$ - (652,975) (652,975)	\$ (505,434) 	\$ (444,686) 	\$ (950,120) (652,975) (1,603,095)					
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Other income Net Cash Provided by Non-Capital Financing Activities	464,399 464,399	<u>572,000</u> <u>572,000</u>	444,000 444,000	1,480,399 1,480,399					
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(188,576)	66,566	(686)	(122,696)					
Cash and Cash Equivalents - July 1, 2015	1,452,065	<u>1,659,991</u>	391,171	3,503,227					
Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30, 2016	\$ <u>1,263,489</u>	\$ <u>1,726,557</u>	\$ 390,485	\$ 3,380,531					
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH USED FOR OPERATING ACTIVITIES:									
Operating Loss	(769,723)	(412,868)	(449,757)	(1,632,348)					
Changes in assets and liabilities: Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase in compensated absences Increase in claims payable Increase in net OPEB obligation	(137,476) (51,100) - 305,324	(23,566) - (69,000) -	8,988 - (3,917)	(152,054) (51,100) (72,917) 305,324					
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	\$ (652,975)	\$ (505,434)	\$ (444,686)	\$ (1,603,095)					

AGENCY FUNDS

All agency funds, representing all fiduciary funds of the City, are custodial in nature and do not involve measurement of results of operations. Such funds have no equity since any assets are due to individuals or other entities at some future time.

These funds are presented separately from the Governmental and Fund Financial Statements.

CITY OF PIEDMONT COMBINING SCHEDULE OF NET POSITION AGENCY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

<u>ASSETS</u>	<u>Du</u>	dley/Blair		Wildwood/ Crocker		edmont Hills nderground		Totals
Restricted cash and investments Accounts receivable	\$ 	163,871 39	\$_	60,215 1,366	\$	285,433 <u>-</u>	\$	509,519 1,405
Total Assets	\$	163,910	\$_	61,581	\$_	285,433	\$_	510,924
<u>LIABILITIES</u>								
Deposits held in trust		163,910	_	61,581	_	285,433	_	510,924
Total Liabilities	\$	163,910	\$_	61,581	\$	285,433	\$_	510,924

CITY OF PIEDMONT

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Dudley/Blair	Balance lly 1, 2015		Additions	_	Deletions	Balance ne 30, 2016
ASSETS Restricted cash and investments Accounts receivable	\$ 148,059 884	\$	15,812 <u>39</u>	\$	- 884	\$ 163,871 <u>39</u>
Total Assets	\$ 148,943	\$_	15,851	\$_	884	\$ 163,910
LIABILITIES Deposits in trust	 148,943	_	14,967	_	<u>-</u>	 163,910
Total Liabilities	\$ 148,943	\$_	14,967	\$_	<u> </u>	\$ 163,910
Wildwood/Crocker ASSETS Restricted cash and investments Accounts receivable	\$ 53,246 524	\$	6,969 1,366	\$	- 524	\$ 60,215 1,366
Total Assets	\$ 53,770	\$	8,335	\$_	524	\$ 61,581
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Deposits in trust	\$ - 53,770	\$_	- 7,811	\$_	- -	\$ - 61,581
Total Liabilities	\$ 53,770	\$_	7,811	\$_		\$ 61,581
Piedmont Hills Underground ASSETS Restricted cash and investments Accounts receivable	\$ 252,780 19,937	\$_	32,653 <u>-</u>	\$_	- 19,937	\$ 285,433 <u>-</u>
Total Assets	\$ 272,717	\$_	32,653	\$_	19,937	\$ 285,433
LIABILITIES Deposits payable Deposits in trust	 272,717 <u>-</u>	_	12,716 285,433	_	285,433 -	 - 285,433
Total Liabilities	\$ 272,717	\$_	298,149	\$_	285,433	\$ 285,433
Total Agency Funds ASSETS Restricted cash and investments Accounts receivable	\$ 454,085 21,345	\$_	55,434 1,405	\$_	- 21,345	\$ 509,519 1,405
Total Assets	\$ 475,430	\$_	56,839	\$_	21,345	\$ 510,924
LIABILITIES Deposits payable Deposits in trust	 272,717 202,713	_	12,716 308,211	_	285,433 <u>-</u>	 - 510,924
Total Liabilities	\$ 475,430	\$_	320,927	\$_	285,433	\$ 510,924

OTHER REPORTS



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the City Council of the City of Piedmont Piedmont, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Piedmont (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City of Piedmont's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 3, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered City of Piedmont's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Piedmont's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Piedmont's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Piedmont's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Sacramento, California

and Int Not CPAs

January 3, 2017

CITY OF PIEDMONT

MEASURE B PROGRAM

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

CITY OF PIEDMONT MEASURE B PROGRAM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the City Council City of Piedmont Piedmont, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Measure B Fund of the City of Piedmont as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016 and the related notes to the financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Measure B Program of the City as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 2, the financial statements of the Measure B Fund of the City of Piedmont are intended to present the financial position and the changes in financial position of the City that is attributable to the transactions of the Fund. They do not purport to, and do not present fairly the financial position of the City of Piedmont as of June 30, 2016 or the changes in its financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

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In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 20, 2016, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Sacramento, California December 20, 2016

CITY OF PIEDMONT **MEASURE B PROGRAM**

BALANCE SHEET FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	M	ACTA easure B	_	Streets and Roads		Bike and Pedestrian		Total
<u>ASSETS</u>								
Cash and investments (Note 3) Due from Streets & Roads Other receivables Interest receivable	\$ 	2,374 - - -	\$	11,046 - 64,835 102	\$	34,357 43,534 5,253 9	\$	47,777 43,534 70,088 111
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	2,374	\$_	75,983	\$_	83,153	\$	161,510
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable Due to Bike & Pedestrian	\$	-	\$	19,880 43,534	\$_	13,430	\$	33,310 43,534
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_		_	63,414	_	13,430	_	76,844
FUND BALANCE								
Restricted for Measure B programs & projects	_	2,374	_	12,569	_	69,723	_	84,666
TOTAL FUND BALANCE		2,374	_	12,569	_	69,723	_	84,666
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	2,374	\$_	75,983	\$_	83,153	\$	161,510

CITY OF PIEDMONT MEASURE B PROGRAM

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	M	ACTA easure B		Streets and Roads		Bike and Pedestrian		Total
REVENUES								
Measure B pass-through revenue Pass-through allocation Interest	\$	-	\$	412,335 460	\$	33,409 40	\$	445,744 500
Total Revenues			_	412,795	_	33,449	_	446,244
EXPENDITURES								
Public works		-	_	425,156		54,381		479,537
Total Expenditures		-	_	425,156		54,381		479,537
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		(12,361)		(20,932)		(33,293)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		2,374	_	24,930		90,655		117,959
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	2,374	\$_	12,569	\$	69,723	\$	84,666

CITY OF PIEDMONT MEASURE B PROGRAM NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 1: BACKGROUND - MEASURE B PROGRAM

Under Measure B, approved by the voters of Alameda County in 1986 and 2000, the City receives a portion of the proceeds of an additional one-half cent sales tax to be used for transportation-related expenditures. These measures were adopted with the intention that the funds generated by the additional sales tax will not fund expenditures previously paid by property taxes, but rather, would be used for additional projects and programs.

Projects funded by Measure B during the year were as follows:

Street Resurfacing - To improve, repair, and overlay cities streets.

Bike and Pedestrian - To provide sidewalk and ADA improvements and to implement the bikeway network.

The pool of funds held by the County is allocated among the cities in the County, based on the cities' populations and the number of roads within their city limits for other transportation-related projects. Funds allocated for streets and roads; bike lanes and pedestrian lanes are recorded as a special revenue fund.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

All transactions of the Measure B Program of the City of Piedmont, California are included as separate special revenue and capital project funds in the basic financial statements of the City.

The financial statements are intended to present the financial position and results of operations of only transactions recorded under the Measure B Program. The fund itself is included in the financial statements of the City.

B. Basis of Presentation

The Measure B Program's basic financial statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Government Accounting Standards Board is the acknowledged standard setting body for establishing accounting and financial reporting standards followed by governmental entities in the United States of America.

C. Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements regardless of the measurement focus applied.

All governmental funds are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified *accrual* basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when measurable and available and expenditures are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

D. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

CITY OF PIEDMONT MEASURE B PROGRAM

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 3: CASH AND INVESTMENTS

See the City's Basic Financial Statements for disclosures related to cash and investments and the related custodial risk categorization.

NOTE 4: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The City participates in several grant programs. These programs did not require a Single Audit during for the year ended June 30, 2016. However, these programs are subject to further examination by the grantors and the amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time. The City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON MEASURE B COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE

To the City Council City of Piedmont Piedmont, California

Report on Compliance for Measure B Fund

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Measure B Fund of the City of Piedmont's (the City) compliance with the requirements described in the *Master Program Funding Agreement* between the City and the Alameda County Transportation Commission (ACTC) that could have a direct and material effect to the Measure B Funds for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants specified in the *Master Programs Funding Agreement* between the City and the ACTC.

Auditors Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and requirements specified in the *Master Programs Funding Agreement* between the City and ACTC. Those standards and requirements require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on Measure B Funds occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance with those requirements.

Opinion on Compliance

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have direct and material effect on Measure B Funds for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on Measure B Funds to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the requirements noted above, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow for management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement on timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Sacramento, California December 20, 2016

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CITY OF PIEDMONT

MEASURE BB PROGRAM

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

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CITY OF PIEDMONT MEASURE BB PROGRAM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the City Council City of Piedmont Piedmont, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Measure BB Fund of the City of Piedmont as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016 and the related notes to the financial statements, as 1 sted in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Measure BB Program of the City as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 2, the financial statements of the Measure BB Fund of the City of Piedmont are intended to present the financial position and the changes in financial position of the City that is attributable to the transactions of the Fund. They do not purport to, and do not present fairly the financial position of the City of Piedmont as of June 30, 2016 or the changes in its financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 20, 2016, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Sacramento, California December 20, 2016

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CITY OF PIEDMONT MEASURE BB PROGRAM

BALANCE SHEET FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

<u>ASSETS</u>	 eets and Roads		Bike and edestrian		Total
Cash and investments (Note 3) Due from Streets & Roads Accounts receivable	\$ - - 59,825	\$	12,321 4,999 4,206	\$	12,321 4,999 64,031
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 59,825	\$	21,526	\$	81,351
<u>LIABILITIES</u>					
Accounts payable Due to Bike & Pedestrian	\$ 52,600 4,999	\$	- -	\$	52,600 4,999
TOTAL LIABILITIES	 57,599	_		_	57,599
FUND BALANCE					
Restricted for Measure BB capital projects	 2,226	_	21,526	_	23,752
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	 2,226	_	21,526	_	23,752
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$ 59,825	\$	21,526	\$	81,351

CITY OF PIEDMONT MEASURE BB PROGRAM

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Streets Road		ike and destrian	Total
REVENUES				
Measure BB pass-through revenue Pass-through allocation	\$ <u>38</u>	38,087 \$ <u> </u>	<u> 27,282</u> \$	415,369
Total Revenues	38	88,087	27,282	415,369
EXPENDITURES				
Public works	45	<u> </u>	11,046	470,750
Total Expenditures	45	<u> </u>	11,046	470,750
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(7	'1,617)	16,236	(55,381)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	7	<u>'3,843</u>	5,290	79,133
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	<u>2,226</u> \$	21,526 \$	23,752

CITY OF PIEDMONT MEASURE BB PROGRAM

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 1: BACKGROUND - MEASURE BB PROGRAM

Measure BB is a tax that was approved by the voters of Alameda County in November 2014, which implemented a 30 year Transportation Expenditure Plan. The measure extended Measure B which was the original 0.5 percent transportation sales tax approved in 2000 from ending April 1, 2022 to April 1, 2045 and increased the tax by 0.5 percent. This resulted in a 1 percent total sales tax in the County dedicated to transportation expenses. The City receives a portion of the proceeds to be used for transportation-related expenditures. The Measure BB Fund accounts for the direct funding from the measure for local street projects and bicycle and pedestrian projects based on population and road mileage provided by the additional 0.5 percent.

The pool of funds held by the County is allocated among the cities in the County, based on the cities' populations and the number of roads within their city limits for other transportation-related projects. Funds allocated for streets and roads, bike lanes and pedestrian lanes are recorded as a special revenue fund.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

All transactions of the Measure BB Program of the City of Piedmont, California are included as separate special revenue and capital project funds in the basic financial statements of the City.

The financial statements are intended to present the financial position, results of operations and cash flows of only transactions recorded under the Measure BB Program. The fund itself is included in the financial statements of the City.

B. Basis of Presentation

The Measure BB Program's basic financial statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Government Accounting Standards Board is the acknowledged standard setting body for establishing accounting and financial reporting standards followed by governmental entities in the United States of America.

C. Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements regardless of the measurement focus applied.

All governmental funds are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified *accrual* basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when measurable and available and expenditures are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

D. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

CITY OF PIEDMONT MEASURE BB PROGRAM

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 3: CASH AND INVESTMENTS

See the City's Basic Financial Statements for disclosures related to cash and investments and the related custodial risk categorization.

NOTE 4: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The City participates in several grant programs. These programs did not require a Single Audit during for the year ended June 30, 2016. However, these programs are subject to further examination by the grantors and the amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time. The City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON MEASURE BB COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE

To the City Council City of Piedmont Piedmont, California

Report on Compliance for Measure BB Fund

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Measure BB Fund of the City of Piedmont's (the City) compliance with the requirements described in the *Master Program Funding Agreement* between the City and the Alameda County Transportation Commission (ACTC) that could have a direct and material effect to the Measure BB Funds for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants specified in the *Master Programs Funding Agreement* between the City and the ACTC.

Auditors Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and requirements specified in the *Master Programs Funding Agreement* between the City and ACTC. Those standards and requirements require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on Measure BB Funds occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance with those requirements.

Opinion on Compliance

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have direct and material effect on Measure BB Funds for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on Measure BB Funds to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the requirements noted above, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow for management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement on timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Sacramento, California December 20, 2016

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MEASURE F PROGRAM

CITY OF PIEDMONT

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

CITY OF PIEDMONT MEASURE F PROGRAM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the City Council City of Piedmont Piedmont, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Measure F Fund of the City of Piedmont as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016 and the related notes to the financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Measure F Program of the City as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 2, the financial statements of the Measure F Fund of the City of Piedmont are intended to present the financial position and the changes in financial position of the City that is attributable to the transactions of the Fund. They do not purport to, and do not present fairly the financial position of the City of Piedmont as of June 30, 2016 or the changes in its financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 20, 2016, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Sacramento, California December 20, 2016

Mondat Nul CPAS

CITY OF PIEDMONT MEASURE F PROGRAM

BALANCE SHEET FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Local Road Improvement and Repair Program
<u>ASSETS</u>	
Accounts receivable Interest receivable	\$ 8,743 54
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 8,797
LIABILITIES	
Due to the City of Piedmont	\$5,612
TOTAL LIABILITIES	5,612
FUND BALANCE	
Restricted for Measure F capital projects	3,185
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	3,185
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$8,797

CITY OF PIEDMONT MEASURE F PROGRAM

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Local Road Improvement and Repair Program
REVENUES	
Measure F pass-through revenue Pass-through allocation Interest	\$ 48,103 226
Total Revenues	48,329
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>	
Public works	75,597
Total Expenditures	75,597
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(27,268)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	30,453
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$3,185

CITY OF PIEDMONT MEASURE F PROGRAM

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 1: BACKGROUND - MEASURE F PROGRAM

The Measure F Alameda County Vehicle Registration Fee (Measure F Program) was approved by the voters in November 2010, with 63 percent of the vote. The fee will generate about \$10.7 million per year by a \$10 per year vehicle registration fee. The collection of the \$10 per year vehicle registration fee started in the first week of May 2011. The goal of the VRF program is to sustain the County's transportation network and reduce traffic congestion and vehicle related pollution. The program includes the following four categories of projects:

- Local Road Improvement and Repair Program (60 percent)
- Transit for Congestion Relief (25 percent)
- Local Transportation Technology (10 percent)
- Pedestrian and Bicyclist Access and Safety Program (5 percent)

The Alameda County Transportation Commission administers the program and distributes an equitable share of funds among the four planning areas of the county over successive five year cycles. Geographic equity will be measured by a formula, weighted 50 percent by population of the planning area and 50 percent of registered vehicles of the planning area.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

All transactions of the Measure F Program of the City of Piedmont, California (City) are included as a separate capital project fund in the basic financial statements of the City.

The accompanying financial statements are intended to present the financial position and results of operations of only transactions recorded under the Measure F Program. The fund itself is included in the financial statements of the City.

B. Basis of Presentation

The Measure F Program's basic financial statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Government Accounting Standards Board is the acknowledged standard setting body for establishing accounting and financial reporting standards followed by governmental entities in the United States of America.

C. Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements regardless of the measurement focus applied.

All governmental funds are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the *modified accrual* basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when measurable and available and expenditures are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

D. Description of Fund

The accounts are maintained on the basis of fund accounting. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The City uses special revenue funds to account for the proceeds of specific revenues (other than for capital projects) that are legally restricted to be expended for specified purposes.

CITY OF PIEDMONT MEASURE F PROGRAM

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

E. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 3: CASH AND INVESTMENTS

See the City's Basic Financial Statements for disclosures related to cash and investments and the related custodial risk categorization.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON MEASURE F COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE

To the City Council City of Piedmont Piedmont, California

Report on Compliance for Measure F Fund

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Measure F Fund of the City of Piedmont's (the City) compliance with the requirements described in the *Master Program Funding Agreement* between the City and the Alameda County Transportation Commission (ACTC) that could have a direct and material effect to the Measure F Funds for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants specified in the *Master Programs Funding Agreement* between the City and the ACTC.

Auditors Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and requirements specified in the *Master Programs Funding Agreement* between the City and ACTC. Those standards and requirements require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on Measure F Funds occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance with those requirements.

Opinion on Compliance

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have direct and material effect on Measure F Funds for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on Measure F Funds to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the requirements noted above, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow for management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement on timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

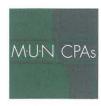
Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Sacramento, California December 20, 2016

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GLENDALE • ROSEVILLE • SACRAMENTO • SOUTH LAKE TAHOE • KAUAI, HAWAII

To the City Council and Management City of Piedmont

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the City of Piedmont as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the City of Piedmont's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

However, during our audit we became aware of deficiencies in internal control other than significant deficiencies and material weaknesses and matters that are opportunities for strengthening internal controls and operating efficiency. The memorandum that accompanies this letter summarizes our comments and suggestions regarding those matters. This letter does not affect our report dated January 3, 2017, on the financial statements of the City of Piedmont.

We will review the status of these comments during our next audit engagement. We have already discussed many of these comments and suggestions with various City personnel, and we will be pleased to discuss them in further detail at your convenience, to perform any additional study of these matters, or to assist you in implementing the recommendations.

The City of Piedmont's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying attachment. The City of Piedmont's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of management, City Council, and others within the City, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than those specified parties.

Mann, Urrutia, Nelson, CPAs & Associates, LLP Sacramento, California

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January 3, 2017

City of Piedmont Summary of Control Deficiencies June 30, 2016

Bank Reconciliations

Our review of bank reconciliations during interim fieldwork indicated that the bank reconciliation process was significantly delayed. As of June 1, 2016, there were 6 bank reconciliations completed for the year (July 2015 through December 2015), resulting in 4 months delayed (January 2016 through April 2016). Not reconciling the accounts on a monthly basis increases the risk that errors or other problems might not be recognized and resolved on a timely basis. Also, it is generally easier and less time-consuming to reconcile accounts while transactions are fresh in mind. We recommend that all bank accounts be reconciled within the subsequent month.

Management's Response

Due to a turnover in the City's Finance Director in 2015-16, especially during the budget development cycle, there was a one-time delay in the processing of bank reconciliations. With the recruitment of a permanent Finance Director, bank reconciliations are now processed within a reasonable time frame mitigating the risk of errors or bad transactions.

Purchasing

Per review of the Purchasing Policy, section 2.155, "Purchases exceeding \$5,000, not exceeding \$75,000", we noted that the policy is not clear as to whether any approval is needed by the City Manager. We recommend that the City consider clarifying the purchasing policy to indicate whether or not City Manager approval is needed.

Management's Response

The City is currently in the process of reviewing and revising its procurement policy and the accompanying Municipal Code to set forth the conditions governing the required procedures when purchasing items on behalf of the City of Piedmont by establishing responsibilities and authorization levels and outlining statutory requirement.

City of Piedmont Status of Prior Year Findings June 30, 2016

Compensated Absences

While reviewing the accrual for compensated absences, we noted that five employee accounts exceeded the maximum accrual allowed under the personnel policy. We recommend that management implement a procedure to check that employees do not carry compensated absence balances greater than the maximum carryover allowed.

Status: Noted no instances in the current year.

Fund Balance

It appears the City has not fully implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 54: Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, which was required to be implemented for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2010. For example, we noted that there are special revenue funds with assigned fund balances. While assigned fund balances can exist for special revenue funds, the fund is required to also include substantial restricted or committed revenues as its foundation. Assigned revenues or resources cannot be the foundation for establishing a special revenue fund. We recommend the City establish and implement a formal fund balance policy that encompasses all of the requirements of GASB 54.

Status: Implemented



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January 3, 2017

To the City Council City of Piedmont

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Piedmont for the year ended June 30, 2016. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards (and, if applicable, *Government Auditing Standards* and the Uniform Guidance), as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our letter to you dated May 16, 2016. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by the City are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, the City adopted Statement of Government Accounting Standards No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. This Statement provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for financial reporting purposes and also provides guidance for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements. We noted no transactions entered into by the City during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimate affecting the City's financial statements were depreciation, the accruals for workers' compensation and general liability, and the estimates for the net pension liability, net pension asset, and other post-employment benefits. Management's estimate of depreciation is based on the City's capitalization policy. Management's estimates for the accruals for worker's compensation and general liability were based on known claim information and loss history. Management's estimates for the net pension liability, net pension asset, and other post-employment benefits were based on actuarial valuations. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the estimates in determining that they are reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. The following material misstatements in Attachment A were detected as a result of audit procedures and were corrected by management.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated January 3, 2017.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the City of Piedmont's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the City of Piedmont's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Other Matters

We applied certain limited procedures to management's discussion and analysis, budgetary schedule, schedule of funding progress, and schedules relating to the City's pension plans, which are required supplementary information (RSI) that supplements the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

We were engaged to report on the non-major fund combining statements, budget to actual statements, combining internal service funds, and agency fund statements which accompany the financial statements but are not RSI. With respect to this supplementary information, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

Restriction on Use

This information is intended solely for the information and use of the City Council and management of the City of Piedmont and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

Mann, Urrutia, Nelson, CPAs & Associates, LLP

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Attachment A

CITY OF PIEDMONT SUMMARY OF AUDIT ADJUSTMENTS June 30, 2016

Effect - Increase (Decrease)
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_	Effect - increase (Decrease)									
Description	ı	Assets & Deferred Outflows		bilities & Deferred nflows		Equity	Reven	ue	E	xpenses
Current Year Differences										
Adjust ending OPEB liability			\$	305,324					\$	305,324
Record activity related to changes in the City's net pension liability	\$	568,512	\$ (4,740,092)	\$	5,308,604				
Record 2015 activity related to changes in the City's Police & Fire pension plan	\$	449,712			\$	449,712				
Record 2016 activity related to changes in the City's Police & Fire pension plan	\$	475,891							\$	(475,891)
Total Income Statement Effect							\$	-	\$	(170,567)
Balance Sheet Effect	\$	1,494,115	\$ (4,434,768)	\$	5,758,316				

					SCHEDULE 1
			CITY OF PIE		
		Calculation (tion Subject to Limit	
			Proposed E		
		Fiscal	Year Ended	June 30, 2017	
0040.47					00 000 404
2016-17	Appropriation L	imit			22,338,194 schedule 2
Total Appropriation	<u> </u>	2016-17			
тотаг Арргорпаног	<u> [] </u>	2010-17			
Operation			+		
Administration		2,707,285			
Public Works		4,119,921			
Recreation		2,745,500			
Police		5,954,918			
Fire		5,518,350			
Non-Department	 al	4,286,396		25,332,370	
		1,200,000			
Other & Capital F	Projects				
Streets Projects	•	911,609			
Employee Benefi	it Fund	1,400,000			
2014 Pension Ob		1,346,736			
Sewer Projects		4,920,626			
Equipment Repla		485,750			
Athletic Facility P		35,000			
Facility Maintena	nce Fund	3,088,034			
Sidewalk Repair		3,000			
Measure D		21,000			
Capital Improven		378,853			
Community Deve	elopment Projects	90,000		12,680,607	38,012,977
Less:	Tavaa	40.750.000			
Non-Proceeds of		10,752,366 7,741,511			10 402 077
Appropriated Res	serves	1,141,511			18,493,877
2016-17	Appropriations	Subject to Limit			19,519,100 schedule 3
2010-17	. ippi opi iations				10,010,100 3011000116
2016-17	Amount below 4	Appropriation Ceilin	a		2,819,094
2010 11	Doiott F	-PP. 0P. 120011 001111	9		_,0.0,00.

							SCHEDULE 2
							001123022 2
		1	CITY OF PIEDMO	TNC	<u> </u>		
			on of Appropria		itation		
			ive Growth Rate				
	Info	rmation Prov	ided by State De	epartme	nt of Finance		
2016-17							
Per Capita - State)	5.37 + 100			=		1.0537
		100					
Population - Coun	ntv.	1.06 + 100			=		1.0106
opulation oour	lty	100			_		1.0100
		100					
Calculation of fact	tor for 2014-15		1.05370	×	1.0106		1.0649
2015-16 Appropriation Limit							
2015-16		21,031,843				\$	19,342,843
Measure Y Voter Approved Increase							1,689,000
							21,031,843
2016 17	Appropriation L	imit					
2016-17		19,342,843	1.064	9	=	\$	20,598,194
			1.004		_	Ψ	1,740,000
Measure Y Voter Approved Increase Total 2016-17 Appropriation Limit						22,338,194	

				SCHEDULE 3	
	CITY OF PIEDMON	Т		OONEDOLE 3	
Sun	nmary of Estimated Revenue				
	Appropriation Limitat				
	Fiscal Year Ended June 3				
		,			
	Proceeds	Non-Pro	oceeds Fror		
	From	Users	Federal		
	Taxes	Fee	& State	Other	
TAXES					
Property Taxes	11,725,100				
Sales & Users Taxes	200,000				
Franchises:					
Pacific Gas & Electric		70,000			
Waste Management		150,000			
Cable TV		200,000			
Property Transfer Tax	2,800,000				
Measure "Y" Special Tax	1,740,000				
Business License Tax	475,000				
Utility Users Tax:					
Gas & Electric	750,000				
Telephone	400,000				
Water	45,000	400.000			
Sub-Total	18,135,100	420,000			
LICENSES & PERMITS					
		20,000			
Dog License Building Permits		20,000 400,000			
Other Permits		20,000			
Sub-Total		440,000			
Jub-10tai		440,000			
FINES & FORFEITURES					
Vehicle Code Fines				55,000	
License & Permit Fines & Penalties		8,500		33,333	
Sub-Total		8,500		55,000	
				,	
REVENUE FROM USE OF					
MONEY OR PROPERTY					
General Fund					
Interest Earnings	13,000				
Community Hall Rental		390,000			
Veterans Hall Rental		80,000			
Veterans Hall Rental		1,500			
Other Rentals		65,000			
COPS Fund-Interest Earnings		350			
Equipment Replacement -Int. Earnings		7,000			
Facilities Maintenance Fund		20,000			
Schoolmates-Interest Earnings		1,100			
Sewer Fund - Interest Earnings		4,040			
Sub-Total	13,000	568,990			

			SCHEDU	LE 3 (Continued)	
	Proceeds	Non-Pro			
	From	Users	Federal	- uxoo	
	Taxes	Fee	& State	Other	
REVENUE FROM OTHER AGENCIES	10000		u cuut	UU .	
State of California					
Motor Vehicle License Fee	1,070,000				
1/2 Cent Sales Tax (Public Safety)	70,000				
Local Block Grant	10,000				
Gasoline Taxes					
2103			56,500		
2105			64,000		
2106			38,000		
2107			88,500		
2107.5			3,000		
Homeowners Property Tax Relief	87,000		3,000		
Avoid 21 Grant	3.,555		8,000		
Trailer Coach in Lieu Tax	0		3,000		
P.O.S.T.			10,000		
State Grants: COPS			110,000		
Mandated Costs			1,000		
Alameda County			1,000		
County Paramedic Tax	70,000				
County FRALS	70,000				
Abandoned Vehicle Abatement	4,000				
ACTC Sales Tax (Measure B & BB)	4,000			866,609	
Measure D		35,000		000,000	
Measure F		45,000			
CDBG Funds		40,000	40,489		
Sub-Total	1,371,000	80,000	419,489	866,609	
Cub Total	1,071,000	00,000	413,403	000,000	
CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES					
Variance/Design Review		235,000			
Plan Check Fees		230,000			
Emeryville Animal Control		92,700			
Sewer Service Charges		2,387,078			
Ambulance Service Charges		225,000			
Sidewalk Repair		3,000			
Recreation		3,600,000			
Other: Police Service		20,000			
Sub-Total		6,792,778			
		-,, 0			
OTHER REVENUE					
Sale of Property				5,000	
Other Revenue				75,000	
Other - Private Donations				5,000	
General Liability & Workers Comp. Contribution				1,016,000	
Sub-Total				1,101,000	
Proceeds From Taxes	19,519,100	8,310,268	419,489	2,022,609	
		-,,	,	_,,	
Non-Proceeds From Taxes	10,752,366			ļ	